

040b73747265616d747970656481a203840163c48403737373810a0a810b0b815f5f84012584067f411b312d37OneVision-Type: In-line Elements

## In-line Elements

Using the *Copy* (;../OneVision/MainMenu/Edit/Copy.rtfd;;¬) and *Paste* (;../OneVision/MainMenu/Edit/Paste.rtfd;;¬) functions allows you to anchor any OneVision element within OneVision-Type text frames. When you are in <sup>a</sup>Edit Element<sup>o</sup> mode the *Paste* function inserts the data from the pasteboard at the current cursor position.

Anchoring the element causes OneVision-Type to treat it just like a character, i.e., entering or deleting text before it moves the element within the text line. The element can even be deleted, just like a character, with the *Backspace* key.

If the line spacing in the *<Spacing>* section of the *Paragraph Formats* panel has not set to *<Interline>* (;OVSelParaTool.rtfd;Absolut;¬) and the anchored element's size is higher than the used font, its height determines the height of the concerned text line and no run-around of text is done. Otherwise the line spacing doesn't change.

The anchored element keeps all its characteristics and can be selected and processed with its specific tools. You only can't drag it around by its element frame anymore, because its position is fixed within the text.

Note: If an in-line element is higher or wider than the text frame into which you want to paste it, a frame break occurs. If none of the following frames of the text frame piping is big enough to hold the in-line element, neither the element nor the following text is

displayed anymore.

Next: ;Lineal.rtfd;;↵ Ruler and Tabs

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