

040b73747265616d747970656481a203840163c48403737373810a0a810b
0b815f5f84012584067f411b312d37LINK

LinkElement.tiff ↪ **Link**

Link elements are used for displaying the same element repeatedly in a document. Link elements are not copies, but echoes of the original element. Compared to duplicating elements (;../OneVision/MainMenu/Edit/Duplicate.rtf;↪), creating links has some crucial advantages:

- links consume very little memory, compared to the original element (especially if the originals are images),
- changing the original element also changes the appearance of all link elements. For example, if you design the header of a page and link it to all pages in your document, you only have to make changes once in the first page and all instances of the header on following pages will also be changed.

LinkElementTool1.tiff ↪ **Link Tool**

Like all other elements, link elements are created by switching to the ^aNew Element^o mode and drawing an element frame (;../OneVision/WorkingIntro/Cursorform.rtf;Neues Element öffnen;↪). The new element has to be connected to a source element, whose content it is to echo. This is done with the functions offered in the lower part of the panel:

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Connect

Clicking <Connect> will put you in connection mode (;../OneVision/WorkingIntro/Elementconnections.rtf;Elemente verknöpfen;↵), enabling you to select the source element.

You can make links to any element. The original element can be on a different page, but it must be within the same document. There can be several links to one source element. Links can even be cascaded; that is you can create a link to another element that is itself a link element.

Note: It is not possible to create a closed loop of linked elements.

If you try to edit the contents of a link element by double-clicking it, the original element will automatically be selected. Changes can only be made to the original element, and these changes will be reflected in all the link elements associated with it.

You can change the connection of a link element by selecting it and connecting it to a different element.

Adopt Size

If this option is activated the link element's size will be adjusted to match the one with which you are connecting it. If the original element is rotated or skewed, these properties will also be adopted by the link element.

Convert to Copy

This replaces the link element by a copy of the source element.

Note: If the source element is a reference element

(;../OneVision/MainMenu/Element/MPReferences.rtfd;;↵), the link element can also be converted. In case of reference element groups, a conversion is not possible and this command is disabled.

The upper part of the *Link* panel displays information about the source element, the element to which the current link element is connected. This can be a link element as well.

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The two fields on top show the name and the type of the source element.

On Page

This fields tells you on which page the source element is located.

Select

This command selects the element to which the current element is linked. This can be another link element, if you cascaded more link elements. If it is on a different page than the current link element, that page will be displayed. Unlike double-clicking the link element, using the *<Select>* command merely selects the previous element; it doesn't automatically put you in ^aEdit Element^o mode, even if the previous element is the source element.