

GUI

COLLABORATORS

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<i>ACTION</i>	<i>NAME</i>	<i>DATE</i>	<i>SIGNATURE</i>
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Chapter 1

GUI

1.1 GUI.guide

GUIEnvironment

Graphical User Interface Guide

```
=====
© 1994   Carsten Ziegeler
         Augustin-Wibbelt-Str.7
         D-33106 Paderborn
         Germany
=====
```

Fonts

Screens

Windows

GUI Handling

Font adaptive GUI

Changing attributes / appearance

Programming guidelines

The GUIInfo structure

The GUI tags

GUIEnvironment error codes

SEE ALSO

Gadgets

Menu

Requester
Messages
Function reference
Localization
Callback hooks

Support module

BOOPSI Class Library

Code generator

1.2 Fonts

Using fonts

With the `OpenGUIFont` function you can open any font just by defining its name and size. This font will be opened if it is available regardless if it is a disk or a rom font !

As a third parameter you can pass a `TextAttr` structure which will be filled with the appropriate values, so can use this structure for opening screens or windows.

Remember to close a font opened with `GUIEnvironment` also with `CloseGUIFont` !

SEE ALSO

`OpenGUIFont`
`CloseGUIFont`

1.3 Screens

Accessing screens is very simple. Just use the `OpenGUIScreen` to open a screen and the `CloseGUIScreen` to close it afterwards.

These functions are similar to the Intuition functions but they are easier to use, although they are as powerful.

In addition, the `CloseGUIScreen` is a "safe" function, which means, all windows on this screen are closed, before the screen is closed !

SEE ALSO

`OpenGUIScreen`
`CloseGUIScreen`

1.4 Windows

With the `OpenGUIWindow` and `CloseGUIWindow` you have a very simple interface to Intuition's windows.

Apart from the different parameters, there are some differences between `GUIEnvironment` and Intuition:

It is currently not possible to use gimmeZeroZero windows with GUIEnv !

GUIEnvironment takes the width and height for the window as inner width and inner height to make the window fit to every font.
If you need the specified width and height instead, use the GEW_OuterSize tag with any value !

The CloseGUIWindow function first removes all GUIs from the window, if it was created with GUIEnvironment, and then closes the window after all outstanding messages were replied.

SEE ALSO

- OpenGUIWindow
- CloseGUIWindow

1.5 GUI Handling

The first step your applications has to do, is to open a window (and perhaps before a screen and fonts).

After this you need the very important GUIInfo structure, GUIEnvironment is based on.

You can get this with the CreateGUIInfo function. It is possible to give some tags, which will fill in some entries of the GUIInfo structure.

If the creation was successfull, you now can define your GUI with gadgets and a menu strip. If you have defined everything, the GUI must be drawn using DrawGUI !

After this the GUI is displayed in the window and you have to do the message loop to get the user action.

Exiting your application, you have to free the GUIInfo structure with the FreeGUIInfo function ! After freeing it, you can close your window.

SEE ALSO

- The GUI tags

1.6 Font adaptive GUIs

When creating the GUIInfo, use the GUI_CreationFont tag to specify the font the GUI originally was designed for. The adapting can now be done automatically by GUIEnvironment. It resizes and repositions each gadget and text !

When the GUI_CreationFont tag is specified, GUIEnvironment usually changes the window sizes to make the GUI fit for the new (bigger) font ! The min and max values of the window are also changed !

If you don't want this, use the GUI_PreserveWindow tag ! If the tag data is GUI_PWFull the window will chainged unchanged and also the min and max values will. Using GUI_PWSize will only change the min and max values and GUI_PWMinMax will only change the window size !

Remember to use the GUI_CreationWidth and GUI_CreationHeight tags !

If the window didn't fit on the screen the creation font is again used as the text font, so the GUI will always appear, but your application will not get any message that the used font has changed !

The window is also repositioned to fit on the screen if necessary.

Each time the GUI_CreationWidth/GUI_CreationHeight tags are changed, the window will be resized, so don't forget to use GUI_PreserveWindow each time you need it !

SEE ALSO

The GUI tags

1.7 Changing attributes / appearance

The GUIInfo structure contains a lot of information which can be changed by the application. But because the structure is read only you can't simply change any entry of the structure. For this reason the ChangeGUI function was designed. You can pass it a lot of tags, where each tags stands for an entry of the structure.

By using ChangeGUI it is also possible to change the appearance of the GUI. This includes removing the menu strip, or removing the gadgets.

SEE ALSO

The GUI tags

1.8 Programming Guidelines

The GUIInfo structure which nearly all procedures require, contains all important data.

Furthermore, the real structure contains a lot of hidden data at the end, so create and handle this structure only with the functions provided by GUIEnvironment.

In further versions this structure will contain additional data.

Don't use any functions of the gadtools.library anymore. GUIEnvironment replaces the whole gadtools.library (except the message filter functions), so there is no need to use gadtools.library ! (It is still possible to use the message filter functions, if you take some extra care !)

Except the freeing functions of GUIEnvironment, there is no check of the parameters. So you MUST handle the problem if the GUIInfo structure couldn't be created ! Passing NULL to any of the GUI handling procedures will probably crash the task (or even worse!).

Neither, the functions do any gadget number/ ID check, so be sure that you only pass valid values !

Remember that GUIEnvironment uses the UserData entries of the gadgets and the menu items to store some own important information !

This means you can't use it to store some own user specific data in this field or some VERY STRANGE THINGS will happen. (Usually then nothing more will happen, because the computer has hung itself !) But don't worry, you still have the possibility to store own user data. See the appropriate chapters about gadgets and menu items.

If you demand something (screens, windows, fonts etc) with GUIEnvironment you have to free it with GUIEnvironment again !

1.9 The GUIInfo structure

The GUIInfo structure is the most important structure for GUIEnvironment. It contains all necessary information about the GUI, e.g. the gadgets or the menu layout.

In addition all important structures dealing with GUIs are stored there, e.g. DrawInfo, VisualInfo or even Locale.

Because GUIEnvironment has its own message handling routines, GUIInfo also contains some information about the incoming messages.

Now follows the whole structure:

```
struct GUIInfo {  
  
    struct Window *window;  
  
        This is the window for which the GUI is defined  
  
    struct Screen *screen;  
  
        Points to the window's screen  
  
    APTR    visualInfo;  
  
        Pointer to the VisualInfo of the screen  
  
    struct DrawInfo *drawInfo;  
  
        Pointer to the DrawInfo of the screen  
  
    struct Locale *localeInfo;  
  
        Pointer to the current Locale structure. This is only available  
        if the locale.library is installed !  
  
    struct TextAttr *menuFont;  
  
        The font used to layout the menu.  
  
    WORD creationWidth, creationHeight;  
  
        The size of the GUI the layout was originally designed for  
  
    struct MsgPort *msgPort;
```

```
    The port to handle all intuition messages

struct IntuiMessage *intuiMsg;

    Copy of the arrived intuition message

ULONG msgClass;

    The message class

WORD msgCode;

    The message code

UBYTE msgBoolCode;

    For gadtools checkbox gadgets: The state of the gadget if
    a message for this gadget arrives

char msgCharCode;

    The character of an vanilla key message

struct Gadget *msgGadget;

    Points to the event gadget if an intuition message arrived

struct MenuItem *msgItemAdr;

    Points to the event menu item if an intuition message arrived

WORD msgGadNbr;

    Gadget number / ID

WORD msgMenuNum, msgItemNum, msgSubNum;

    The appropriate numbers of the menu item.

APTR userData;

    Pointer for own user data

APTR compilerReg;

    Usually contains the global data pointer for compilers which
    use the A4 register to store this. If a hook functions is
    called, the A4 register is set to this value !

STRPTR gadgetGuide, menuGuide;

    The filenames of the help files to use with the GUIEnvironment
    help functions

struct Catalog *catalogInfo;

    Points to a given catalog, only if the locale.library is
```

installed.

```
LONG gadgetCatalogString, menuCatalogString;
```

The offsets for the next string taken out of the catalog for the next gadget resp menu item

```
struct Hook *vanKeyHook, *handleMsgHook, *refreshHook;
```

The hook functions

```
APTR hookInterface;
```

This function is set in the hook.entry field. It is required for compilers which can't handle register parameters. Then this is a pointer to a function which pushes the registers onto the stack in the desired order.

```
struct TextAttr *creationFont;
```

The font used for designing the GUI.

```
struct TextAttr *textFont;
```

Default font for texts and gadgets. Is set to the windows font.

```
};
```

BUT NOTICE: The whole structure is READ ONLY !! It is possible to set the entries when creating the structure. From now on you have to use the changing routines to write to the entries !

SEE ALSO:

- Creating the GUIInfo structure
- Changing the GUIInfo structure

1.10 The GUI tags

After each tag are some characters which specify when this tag can be used:

- C : Allowed when creating the GUIInfo structure
- S : Allowed for changing

In brackets follows the default value for creating!

The first list contains the tags which are for some values in the GUIInfo structure and the second list consists of some action tags which will change the appearance of the GUI !

Standard tags

```
GUI_TextFont          C          (window's font)
```

The standard TextAttr structure for the gadgets and texts. (It is

also possible to give each gadget a different font !)

GUI_MenuFont C (screen's font)

The font for laying out the menu.

GUI_VanKeyAHook C S (no hook function)

The vanilla key message hook for gadget key equivalents.

GUI_CreateError C (NULL)

The data of this tag must be an address of a LONG variable, which contains the error code if CreateGUIInfo fails.

GUI_UserData C S (NULL)

Pointer to own user data.

GUI_CompilerReg C S (value of A4 register)

The contents of the global data register for this application. If a hook function of GUIEnvironment is called the A4 register will get this value.

GUI_HandleMsgAHook C S (no hook function)

The message handling hook.

GUI_GadgetGuide C S (no gadget help)

Name of an AmigaGuide file which contains the help texts for the gadgets.

GUI_MenuGuide C S (no menu help)

Name of an AmigaGuide file which contains the help texts for the menu items.

GUI_CatalogFile C S (no catalog file)

Name of a catalog file for the localization.

GUI_GadgetCatalogOffset C S (0)

Number of the first gadget text inside the catalog.

GUI_MenuCatalogOffset C S (0)

Number of the first menu item text inside the catalog.

GUI_CreationWidth C S (window inner width)

The inner width of the GUI the creation values are for.

GUI_CreationHeight C S (window inner height)

The inner height of the GUI the creation values are for.

GUI_CreationFont C S (window font)

The font the GUI was designed with

GUI_RefreshAHook C S (no hook function)

The refreshing message hook.

GUI_MsgPort C S (windows user port)

The message port used for the IDCMP messages. If you change this port, first the old port is emptied and then the new one also !

GUI_HookInterface C S (no hook interface)

This is a interface procedure which is called for every callback hook to push the registers onto the stack. It is only required for compilers which can't handle register parameters !

You must specify this tag BEFORE all tags which handle callback hooks. It is advised to make this tag the first one, when creating the GUIInfo structure.

GUI_PreserveWindow C S

This tag is used for adapting the GUI to a user defined font.

Tag data:

GUI_PWFfull : Window and min/max values won't be changed

GUI_PWSize : Only min/max values are changed

GUI_PWMinMax : Only the window is changed

Action tags

GUI_RemoveMenu S

Remove the menu from the window. If the tag data is TRUE all information about the old menu is deleted and it is not possible to add this menu to the window again without redefining ! If you pass FALSE as tag data, you can reset the menu with the appropriate functions.

GUI_RemoveGadgets S

Remove the gadgets from the window. If the tag data is TRUE all information about the old gadgets is deleted and it is not possible to add these gadgets to the window again without redefining ! If you pass FALSE as tag data, you can reset the gadgets with the appropriate functions. In addition the window contents is cleared.

GUI_ClearWindow S

Clear the window contents. This includes NOT removing the gadgets !

GUI_EmptyMsgPort S

GE_GadContextErr

The call to gadtools CreateContext failed.

GE_GadCreateErr

Unable to create the gadget. There are many reasons for this error, e.g. wrong gadget sizes/positions, unknown or not enough information about the gadget etc.

GE_GadTooManyErr

GUIEnvironment allows only 256 gadgets per GUIInfo structure !

GE_GadKeyTwiceErr

You tried to give two gadgets the same key equivalent.

GE_GadUnknownKind

Unknown gadget kind. Check the value passed to the gadget creation function.

GE_GadChainErr

This error occurs if you started the chaining function and then forgot the end chain statement or if you passed an end statement without having started a chaining !

GE_GadHookErr

Your hook function, to create this gadget, failed.

Menu errors:

GE_MenuCreateErr

The call to gadtools CreateMenus failed.

GE_MenuStripErr

The call to intuition SetMenuStrip failed.

GE_MenuLayoutErr

The call to gadtools LayoutMenus failed.

GE_MenuTooManyErr

GUIEnvironment allows only 256 menu items per GUIInfo structure.

1.12 rcs

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GUIEnvironment GUI Main Guide

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Augustin-Wibbelt-Str.7, 33106 Paderborn, Germany
