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1 Control Program (MCP) running on one or more Instruction
Processors (IPs) 17. The designations OS and MCP will
be used herein interchangeably. The computer system
10 further includes an Input/Output Module (IOM) 12 for
5 communicating with peripheral devices in a well-known
manner. The IOM 12 includes a Task Control Unit (TCU)
18 which is responsible for managing task switching and
events. The TCU 18 is a Special Purpose Processor (SPP)
controlled by TCU microcode 13. Throughout the
10 description herein, the designations TCU and SPP will
be used interchangeably and will denote hardware or
microcode or both in accordance with the context.

The IP 17 and IOM 12 provide hardware support
14 for function calls over a bi-directional interface
15 15. This interface is hardware dependent having the
following minimal requirements. The interface 14 and
15 between the OS and SPP provides a path which permits
the OS to pass data to the SPP and synchronously receive
result data generated by the SPP. Further, this interface
20 allows repeated uses of the function call. Numerous
types of data exchange mechanisms suitable for use by
the present invention are included in numerous types
of computer systems, as is well known in the art.

While it is not necessary for this interface
25 to be synchronous for all implementations, to do so allows
the interface to be implemented as a function call.
The minimum requirements for this interface is to provide
a path and mechanism between the OS and SPP to exchange
data.

30 In accordance with the invention, MCP 11 and
TCU microcode 13 include a TCU_EXCHANGE_FEATURES function
16 providing an exchange protocol between MCP and TCU
microcode that facilitates phasing in features that depend
on particular MCP and TCU microcode functionality. The
35 form of the communication path between the OS and SPP
(MCP 11 and TCU microcode 13) is a function call by the
OS utilizing Hardware Support For Function Calls 14 in