

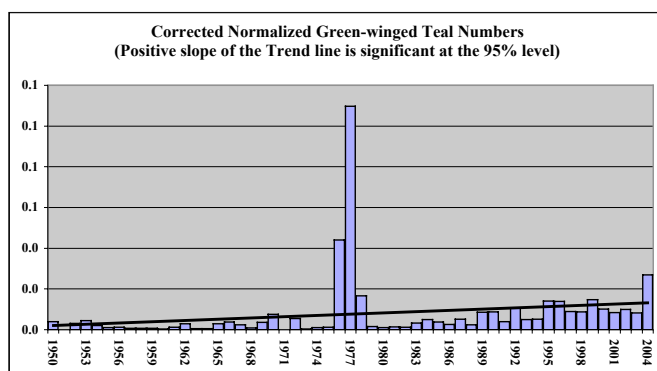
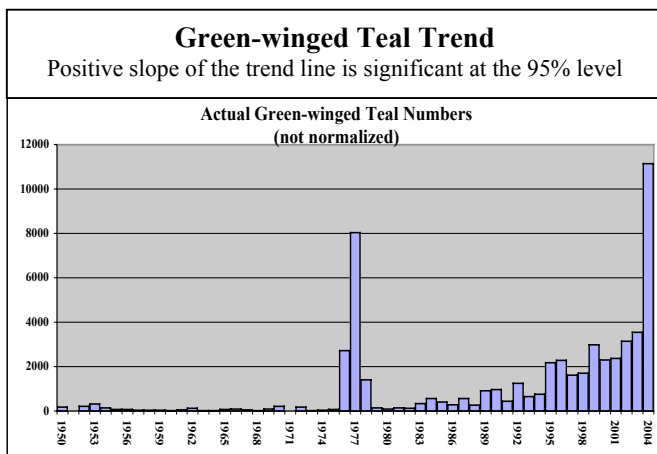
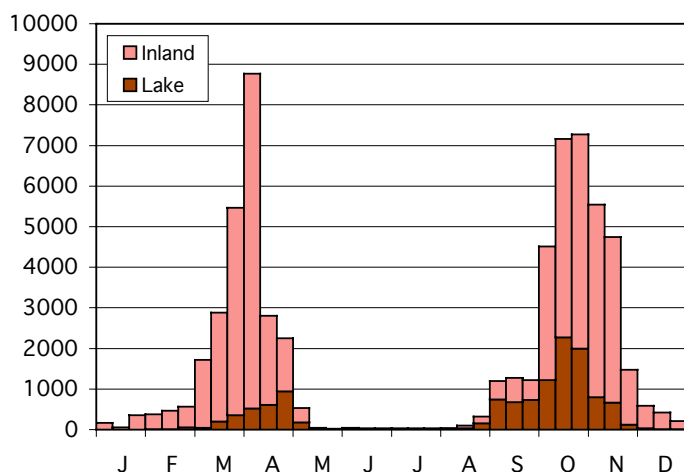
Green-winged Teal

Anas crecca

Historical Information

First Published Record: According to Butler (1898) B.W. Evermann reported this tiny duck in Vigo County 30 January 1887. This represents the earliest completely dated record for Indiana.

Butler (1898) listed the Green-winged Teal as a common migrant and winter resident. Keller et al. (1979) and Mumford and Keller (1984) characterized it as a fairly common migrant, which was rare in winter.



Status

Physical Evidence: Seven Green-winged Teal skins are housed in museums (S.F. Jackson unpublished list and J.B. Dunning unpublished computer list).

STATUS TABLE				
Specimens				
Museum				No.
Chicago Academy of Sciences				1
Chicago Field Museum				1
Univ. of Michigan Museum				1
Purdue Univ. Wildlife Laboratory				4
20-Year Abundance Table				
	Win	Spr	Sum	Fall
Northern Tier	6	3	6	3
Central Tier	6	4	9	4
Southern Tier	4	3	9	4
Entire State	4	3	6	3

Current Status

This teal is a Very Common (3) migrant and Common (4) winter resident, especially in southwestern Indiana.

Occurrence

This small duck is remarkably hardy, wintering in virtually any available open water. During migration it joins the other puddle ducks and has been recorded in some 67 counties.

Population Trend

Positive slope of the trend line is statistically significant at the 95 percent level, suggesting an increase in Indiana's Green-winged Teal numbers over the last 50 years.

Summer Records

More than 70 summer records exist and summer birds have been recorded annually in 15 of the last twenty years. It is an Uncommon (6) summer resident in the northern tier of counties.

Breeding

The Green-winged Teal is apparently an extremely rare breeder in the state. Mumford and Keller (1984) report three nesting records (Jasper-Pulaski FWA, Winamac FWA, and Adams County) and J.J. McCoy observed 13 downy young at Kingsbury FWA 12 July 1995 (Jackson, 1996).

Green-winged Teal Data				
Maximum Single Party Counts				
Spring				
Number	Date	Location	Observer	Ref.
3400	3-Apr-2004	Willow Slough	J.J. McCoy	INB
1320	10-Apr-2004	Newton Co	J.J. McCoy	INB
420	12-Apr-1998	Kankakee FWA	J.J. McCoy	IQM
Fall/Winter				
Number	Date	Location	Observer	Ref.
2500	11-Oct-1989	Kankakee FWA	DNR-staff	IAQ
1500	11-Nov-1977	Willow Slough	DNR- staff	REM
1300	14-Oct-1977	Willow Slough	DNR- staff	REM

Migration Envelopes						
Spring						
	Earliest	Arrive	Peak	Depart	Latest	Records
North	Win. Res.	16-Mar	4-Apr	28-Apr	Sum. Res.	541
Central	Win. Res.	8-Mar	25-Mar	18-Apr	20-May-1980	78
South	Win. Res.	11-Mar	27-Mar	20-Apr	29-May-1995	169
Fall						
	Earliest	Arrive	Peak	Depart	Latest	Records
North	Sum. Res.	4-Sep	17-Oct	12-Nov	Win. Res.	717
Central	24-Jul-2002	4-Sep	26-Oct	24-Nov	Win. Res.	122
South	10-Aug-2000	21-Sep	28-Oct	18-Nov	Win. Res.	167

References Cited

Butler, A. W. (1898) The Birds of Indiana, Indiana Department of Geology and Natural Resources Annual Report, 22:575-1187.

Jackson, S.F. (1996) Field Notes Summer 1995, *Indiana Audubon Quarterly*, 74:138-159.

Keller, C.E., S.A. Keller, and T.C. Keller (1979) *Indiana Birds and Their Haunts*, Indiana University Press, Bloomington, Ind. 214 pp.

Mumford, R.E. and C.E. Keller (1984) *The Birds of Indiana*, Indiana University Press, Bloomington, Ind. 376 pp.