

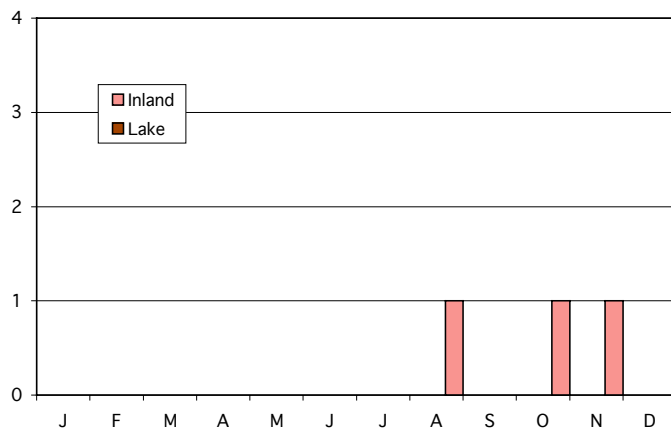
Common Ground-Dove

Columbina passerina

Historical Information

First Published Record: R.S. Gregory discovered Indiana's first Ground-Dove 23 November 1961; it was found dead under a Hendricks County picture window (Mumford and Keller 1984). The crop was filled with vetch seeds (Mumford files).

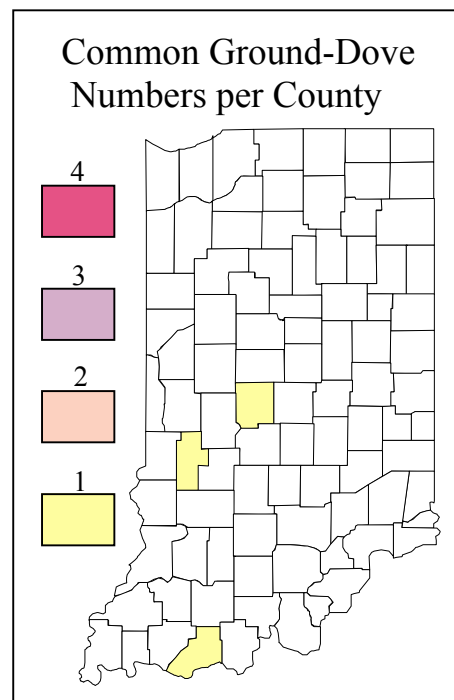
Both Keller et al. (1979) and Mumford and Keller (1984) listed the state's three records, but provided no status assessment.



Status

Physical Evidence: One specimen from Indiana is known to exist (Keller et al. 1979).

STATUS TABLE				
Specimens				
Museum				No.
J. Moore Museum Earlham College				1
20-Year Abundance Table				
	Win	Spr	Sum	Fall
Northern Tier	n	n	n	n
Central Tier	n	n	n	n
Southern Tier	n	n	n	n
Entire State	n	n	n	n



Current Status

There are no records over the past two decades; consequently, the Common Ground-Dove is Accidental (10).

Occurrence

The state's second Ground-Dove was a sight record by Randall Cooley and Randall Madding near Rockport, Spencer County, 27 October 1976 (Keller et al. 1979). The most recent report involved a flyby observed by A.W. Bruner at the Brazil sewage lagoons, Clay County, 21 August 1982 (Bruner 2000).

Common Ground-Dove Records				
All Records				
No.	Date	Location	Observer	Ref.
1	23-Nov-1961	Hendricks Co	R.S. Gregory	M&K
1	27-Oct-1976	Spencer Co	Randall Cooley	KKK
1	21-Aug-1982	Clay Co	A.W. Bruner	M&K

References Cited

Bruner, A. W. (2000) Report of the Indiana Bird Records Committee—1997 & 1999, *Indiana Audubon Quarterly*, 78:27-37.

Keller, C.E., S.A. Keller, and T.C. Keller (1979) *Indiana Birds and Their Haunts*, Indiana University Press, Bloomington, Ind. 214 pp.

Mumford files: An extensive accumulation of Indiana bird data on 5x7 file cards compiled by Professor R.E. Mumford of Purdue University, West Lafayette.

Mumford, R.E. and C.E. Keller (1984) *The Birds of Indiana*, Indiana University Press, Bloomington, Ind. 376 pp.