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Intel 8086 Family Architecture

General Purpose Registers

AH/AL	AX	(EAX)	Accumulator
BH/BL	BX	(EBX)	Base
CH/CL	CX	(ECX)	Counter
DH/DL	DX	(EDX)	Data

(Exx) indicates 386+ 32 bit register

Segment Registers

CS	Code Segment
DS	Data Segment
SS	Stack Segment
ES	Extra Segment
(FS)	386 and newer
(GS)	386 and newer

Pointer Registers

SI (ESI)	Source Index
DI (EDI)	Destination Index
IP	Instruction Pointer

Stack Registers

SP (ESP)	Stack Pointer
BP (EBP)	Base Pointer

Status Registers

FLAGS Status Flags (see FLAGS)

Special Registers (386+ only)

CR0	Control Register 0	DR0	Debug Register 0
CR2	Control Register 2	DR1	Debug Register 1
CR3	Control Register 3	DR2	Debug Register 2
		DR3	Debug Register 3
TR4	Test Register 4	DR6	Debug Register 6
TR5	Test Register 5	DR7	Debug Register 7
TR6	Test Register 6		
TR7	Test Register 7		

Register	Default Segment	Valid Overrides
BP	SS	DS, ES, CS
SI or DI	DS	ES, SS, CS
DI strings	ES	None
SI strings	DS	ES, SS, CS

- see CPU DETECTING Instruction Timing

Instruction Clock Cycle Calculation

Some instructions require additional clock cycles due to a "Next Instruction Component" identified by a "+m" in the instruction clock cycle listings. This is due to the prefetch queue being purge on a control transfers. Below is the general rule for calculating "m":

88/86 not applicable

286 "m" is the number of bytes in the next instruction

386 "m" is the number of components in the next instruction

(the instruction coding (each byte), plus the data and the displacement are all considered components)

8088/8086 Effective Address (EA) Calculation

Description	Clock Cycles
Displacement	6
Base or Index (BX,BP,SI,DI)	5
Displacement+(Base or Index)	9
Base+Index (BP+DI,BX+SI)	7
Base+Index (BP+SI,BX+DI)	8
Base+Index+Displacement (BP+DI,BX+SI)	11
Base+Index+Displacement (BP+SI+disp,BX+DI+disp)	12

- add 4 cycles for word operands at odd addresses
- add 2 cycles for segment override
- 80188/80186 timings differ from those of the 8088/8086/80286

Task State Calculation

"TS" is defined as switching from VM/486 or 80286 TSS to one of the following:

		New Task			
		486 TSS	486 TSS	386 TSS	386 TSS
Old Task		(VM=0)	(VM=1)	(VM=0)	(VM=1)
386 TSS (VM=0)				309	226
386 TSS (VM=1)				314	231
386 CPU/286 TSS				307	224
486 CPU/286 TSS	199	177			180

Miscellaneous

- all timings are for best case and do not take into account wait states, instruction alignment, the state of the prefetch queue, DMA refresh cycles, cache hits/misses or exception processing.
- to convert clocks to nanoseconds divide one microsecond by the processor speed in MegaHertz:

$$(1000\text{MHz}/(n \text{ MHz})) = X \text{ nanoseconds}$$

- see 8086 Architecture

FLAGS - Intel 8086 Family Flags Register

1110 FEDCBA9876543210

CF Carry Flag
 1
 PF Parity Flag
 0
 AF Auxiliary Flag
 0
 ZF Zero Flag
 SF Sign Flag
 TF Trap Flag (Single Step)
 IF Interrupt Flag
 DF Direction Flag
 OF Overflow flag
 IOPL I/O Privilege Level (286+ only)
 NT Nested Task Flag (286+ only)
 0
 RF Resume Flag (386+ only)
 VM Virtual Mode Flag (386+ only)

- see PUSHF POPF STI CLI STD CLD

MSW - Machine Status Word (286+ only)

ij3130-543210 Machine Status Word
Protection Enable (PE)
ij Math Present (MP)
Emulation (EM)
ij Task Switched (TS)
Extension Type (ET)
ij Reserved
Paging (PG)

Bit 0	PE	Protection Enable, switches processor between protected and real mode
Bit 1	MP	Math Present, controls function of the WAIT instruction
Bit 2	EM	Emulation, indicates whether coprocessor functions are to be emulated
Bit 3	TS	Task Switched, set and interrogated by coprocessor on task switches and when interpreting coprocessor instructions
Bit 4	ET	Extension Type, indicates type of coprocessor in system
Bits 5-30		Reserved
bit 31	PG	Paging, indicates whether the processor uses page tables to translate linear addresses to physical addresses

- see SMSW LMSW

8086/80186/80286/80386/80486 Instruction Set

AAA - Ascii Adjust for Addition

Usage: AAA

Modifies flags: AF CF (OF,PF,SF,ZF undefined)

Changes contents of AL to valid unpacked decimal. The high order nibble is zeroed.

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
none	8	3	4	3	1

AAD - Ascii Adjust for Division

Usage: AAD

Modifies flags: SF ZF PF (AF,CF,OF undefined)

Used before dividing unpacked decimal numbers. Multiplies AH by 10 and the adds result into AL. Sets AH to zero. This instruction is also known to have an undocumented behavior.

AL := 10*AH+AL

AH := 0

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
none	60	14	19	14	2

AAM - Ascii Adjust for Multiplication

Usage: AAM

Modifies flags: PF SF ZF (AF,CF,OF undefined)

AH := AL / 10

AL := AL mod 10

Used after multiplication of two unpacked decimal numbers, this instruction adjusts an unpacked decimal number. The high order nibble of each byte must be zeroed before using this instruction. This instruction is also known to have an undocumented behavior.

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
none	83	16	17	15	2

AAS - Ascii Adjust for Subtraction

Usage: AAS

Modifies flags: AF CF (OF,PF,SF,ZF undefined)

Corrects result of a previous unpacked decimal subtraction in AL.
High order nibble is zeroed.

Operands	Clocks				Size
	808x	286	386	486	Bytes
none	8	3	4	3	1

ADC - Add With Carry

Usage: ADC dest,src
Modifies flags: AF CF OF SF PF ZF

Sums two binary operands placing the result in the destination.
If CF is set, a 1 is added to the destination.

Operands	Clocks				Size	
	808x	286	386	486	Bytes	
reg,reg	3	2	2	1	2	
mem,reg	16+EA	7	7	3	2-4	(W88=24+EA)
reg,mem	9+EA	7	6	2	2-4	(W88=13+EA)
reg,immed	4	3	2	1	3-4	
mem,immed	17+EA	7	7	3	3-6	(W88=23+EA)
accum,immed	4	3	2	1	2-3	

ADD - Arithmetic Addition

Usage: ADD dest,src
Modifies flags: AF CF OF PF SF ZF

Adds "src" to "dest" and replacing the original contents of "dest".
Both operands are binary.

Operands	Clocks				Size	
	808x	286	386	486	Bytes	
reg,reg	3	2	2	1	2	
mem,reg	16+EA	7	7	3	2-4	(W88=24+EA)
reg,mem	9+EA	7	6	2	2-4	(W88=13+EA)
reg,immed	4	3	2	1	3-4	
mem,immed	17+EA	7	7	3	3-6	(W88=23+EA)
accum,immed	4	3	2	1	2-3	

AND - Logical And

Usage: AND dest,src
Modifies flags: CF OF PF SF ZF (AF undefined)

Performs a logical AND of the two operands replacing the destination
with the result.

Operands	Clocks				Size	
	808x	286	386	486	Bytes	
reg,reg	3	2	2	1	2	
mem,reg	16+EA	7	7	3	2-4	(W88=24+EA)
reg,mem	9+EA	7	6	1	2-4	(W88=13+EA)
reg,immed	4	3	2	1	3-4	
mem,immed	17+EA	7	7	3	3-6	(W88=23+EA)
accum,immed	4	3	2	1	2-3	

ARPL - Adjusted Requested Privilege Level of Selector (286+ PM)

Usage: ARPL dest,src
(286+ protected mode)
Modifies flags: ZF

Compares the RPL bits of "dest" against "src". If the RPL bits of "dest" are less than "src", the destination RPL bits are set equal to the source RPL bits and the Zero Flag is set. Otherwise the Zero Flag is cleared.

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
reg,reg	-	10	20	9	2
mem,reg	-	11	21	9	4

BOUND - Array Index Bound Check (80188+)

Usage: BOUND src,limit
Modifies flags: None

Array index in source register is checked against upper and lower bounds in memory source. The first word located at "limit" is the lower boundary and the word at "limit+2" is the upper array bound. Interrupt 5 occurs if the source value is less than or higher than the source.

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
reg16,mem32	-	nj=13	nj=10	7	2
reg32,mem64	-	nj=13	nj=10	7	2

- nj = no jump taken

BSF - Bit Scan Forward (386+)

Usage: BSF dest,src
Modifies flags: ZF

Scans source operand for first bit set. Sets ZF if a bit is found set and loads the destination with an index to first set bit. Clears ZF if no bits are found set. BSF scans forward across bit pattern (0-n) while BSR scans in reverse (n-0).

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
reg,reg	-	-	10+3n	6-42	3
reg,mem	-	-	10+3n	7-43	3-7
reg32,reg32	-	-	10+3n	6-42	3-7
reg32,mem32	-	-	10+3n	7-43	3-7

BSR - Bit Scan Reverse (386+)

Usage: BSR dest,src
Modifies flags: ZF

Scans source operand for first bit set. Sets ZF if a bit is found set and loads the destination with an index to first set bit. Clears ZF if no bits are found set. BSF scans forward across bit pattern (0-n) while BSR scans in reverse (n-0).

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
reg,reg	-	-	10+3n	6-103	3
reg,mem	-	-	10+3n	7-104	3-7
reg32,reg32	-	-	10+3n	6-103	3-7
reg32,mem32	-	-	10+3n	7-104	3-7

BSWAP - Byte Swap (486+)

Usage: BSWAP reg32

Modifies flags: none

Changes the byte order of a 32 bit register from big endian to little endian or vice versa. Result left in destination register is undefined if the operand is a 16 bit register.

		Clocks			Size
Operands	808x	286	386	486	Bytes
reg32	-	-	-	1	2

BT - Bit Test (386+)

Usage: BT dest,src
Modifies flags: CF

The destination bit indexed by the source value is copied into the Carry Flag.

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
reg16,immed8	-	-	3	3	4-8
mem16,immed8	-	-	6	6	4-8
reg16,reg16	-	-	3	3	3-7
mem16,reg16	-	-	12	12	3-7

BTC - Bit Test with Compliment (386+)

Usage: BTC dest,src
Modifies flags: CF

The destination bit indexed by the source value is copied into the Carry Flag after being complimented (inverted).

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
reg16,immed8	-	-	6	6	4-8
mem16,immed8	-	-	8	8	4-8
reg16,reg16	-	-	6	6	3-7
mem16,reg16	-	-	13	13	3-7

BTR - Bit Test with Reset (386+)

Usage: BTR dest,src
Modifies flags: CF

The destination bit indexed by the source value is copied into the Carry Flag and then cleared in the destination.

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
reg16,immed8	-	-	6	6	4-8
mem16,immed8	-	-	8	8	4-8
reg16,reg16	-	-	6	6	3-7
mem16,reg16	-	-	13	13	3-7

BTS - Bit Test and Set (386+)

Usage: BTS dest,src
Modifies flags: CF

The destination bit indexed by the source value is copied into the

Carry Flag and then set in the destination.

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
reg16,immed8	-	-	6	6	4-8
mem16,immed8	-	-	8	8	4-8
reg16,reg16	-	-	6	6	3-7
mem16,reg16	-	-	13	13	3-7

CALL - Procedure Call

Usage: CALL destination
Modifies flags: None

Pushes Instruction Pointer (and Code Segment for far calls) onto stack and loads Instruction Pointer with the address of proc-name. Code continues with execution at CS:IP.

	Operands	Clocks			
		808x	286	386	486
	rel16 (near, IP relative)	19	7	7+m	3
	rel32 (near, IP relative)	-	-	7+m	3
	reg16 (near, register indirect)	16	7	7+m	5
	reg32 (near, register indirect)	-	-	7+m	5
5	mem16 (near, memory indirect)	-	21+EA	11	10+m
	mem32 (near, memory indirect)	-	-	10+m	5
	ptr16:16 (far, full ptr supplied)	28	13	17+m	18
	ptr16:32 (far, full ptr supplied)	-	-	17+m	18
	ptr16:16 (far, ptr supplied, prot. mode)	-	26	34+m	20
	ptr16:32 (far, ptr supplied, prot. mode)	-	-	34+m	20
	m16:16 (far, indirect)	37+EA	16	22+m	17
	m16:32 (far, indirect)	-	-	22+m	17
	m16:16 (far, indirect, prot. mode)	-	29	38+m	20
	m16:32 (far, indirect, prot. mode)	-	-	38+m	20
	ptr16:16 (task, via TSS or task gate)	-	177	TS	37+TS
	m16:16 (task, via TSS or task gate)	-	180/185	5+TS	37+TS
	m16:32 (task)	-	-	TS	37+TS
	m16:32 (task)	-	-	5+TS	37+TS
	ptr16:16 (gate, same privilege)	-	41	52+m	35
	ptr16:32 (gate, same privilege)	-	-	52+m	35
	m16:16 (gate, same privilege)	-	44	56+m	35
	m16:32 (gate, same privilege)	-	-	56+m	35
	ptr16:16 (gate, more priv, no parm)	-	82	86+m	69
	ptr16:32 (gate, more priv, no parm)	-	-	86+m	69
	m16:16 (gate, more priv, no parm)	-	83	90+m	69
	m16:32 (gate, more priv, no parm)	-	-	90+m	69
	ptr16:16 (gate, more priv, x parms)	-	86+4x	94+4x+m	77+4x
	ptr16:32 (gate, more priv, x parms)	-	-	94+4x+m	77+4x
	m16:16 (gate, more priv, x parms)	-	90+4x	98+4x+m	77+4x
	m16:32 (gate, more priv, x parms)	-	-	98+4x+m	77+4x

CBW - Convert Byte to Word

Usage: CBW
Modifies flags: None

Converts byte in AL to word Value in AX by extending sign of AL throughout register AH.

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
none	2	2	3	3	1

CDQ - Convert Double to Quad (386+)

Usage: CDQ
Modifies flags: None

Converts signed DWORD in EAX to a signed quad word in EDX:EAX by extending the high order bit of EAX throughout EDX

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
none	-	-	2	3	1

CLC - Clear Carry

Usage: CLC

Modifies flags: CF

Clears the Carry Flag.

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
none	2	2	2	2	1

CLD - Clear Direction Flag

Usage: CLD

Modifies flags: DF

Clears the Direction Flag causing string instructions to increment the SI and DI index registers.

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
none	2	2	2	2	1

CLI - Clear Interrupt Flag (disable)

Usage: CLI

Modifies flags: IF

Disables the maskable hardware interrupts by clearing the Interrupt flag. NMI's and software interrupts are not inhibited.

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
none	2	2	3	5	1

CLTS - Clear Task Switched Flag (286+ privileged)

Usage: CLTS

Modifies flags: None

Clears the Task Switched Flag in the Machine Status Register. This is a privileged operation and is generally used only by operating system code.

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
none	-	2	5	7	2

CMC - Complement Carry Flag

Usage: CMC
Modifies flags: CF

Toggles (inverts) the Carry Flag

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
none	2	2	2	2	1

CMP - Compare

Usage: CMP dest,src
Modifies flags: AF CF OF PF SF ZF

Subtracts source from destination and updates the flags but does not save result. Flags can subsequently be checked for conditions.

Operands	Clocks				Size	
	808x	286	386	486	Bytes	
reg,reg	3	2	2	1	2	
mem,reg	9+EA	7	5	2	2-4	(W88=13+EA)
reg,mem	9+EA	6	6	2	2-4	(W88=13+EA)
reg,immed	4	3	2	1	3-4	
mem,immed	10+EA	6	5	2	3-6	(W88=14+EA)
accum,immed	4	3	2	1	2-3	

CMPS - Compare String (Byte, Word or Doubleword)

Usage: CMPS dest,src
CMPSB
CMPSW
CMPSD (386+)
Modifies flags: AF CF OF PF SF ZF

Subtracts destination value from source without saving results. Updates flags based on the subtraction and the index registers (E)SI and (E)DI are incremented or decremented depending on the state of the Direction Flag. CMPSB inc/decrements the index registers by 1, CMPSW inc/decrements by 2, while CMPSD increments or decrements by 4. The REP prefixes can be used to process entire data items.

Operands	Clocks				Size	
	808x	286	386	486	Bytes	
dest,src	22	8	10	8	1	(W88=30)

CMPXCHG - Compare and Exchange

Usage: CMPXCHG dest,src (486+)
Modifies flags: AF CF OF PF SF ZF

Compares the accumulator (8-32 bits) with "dest". If equal the "dest" is loaded with "src", otherwise the accumulator is loaded with "dest".

Operands	Clocks				Size	
	808x	286	386	486	Bytes	
reg,reg	-	-	-	6	2	
mem,reg	-	-	-	7	2	

- add 3 clocks if the "mem,reg" comparison fails

CWD - Convert Word to Doubleword

Usage: CWD

Modifies flags: None

Extends sign of word in register AX throughout register DX forming a doubleword quantity in DX:AX.

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
none	5	2	2	3	1

CWDE - Convert Word to Extended Doubleword (386+)

Usage: CWDE

Modifies flags: None

Converts a signed word in AX to a signed doubleword in EAX by extending the sign bit of AX throughout EAX.

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
none	-	-	3	3	1

DAA - Decimal Adjust for Addition

Usage: DAA

Modifies flags: AF CF PF SF ZF (OF undefined)

Corrects result (in AL) of a previous BCD addition operation. Contents of AL are changed to a pair of packed decimal digits.

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
none	4	3	4	2	1

DAS - Decimal Adjust for Subtraction

Usage: DAS

Modifies flags: AF CF PF SF ZF (OF undefined)

Corrects result (in AL) of a previous BCD subtraction operation. Contents of AL are changed to a pair of packed decimal digits.

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
none	4	3	4	2	1

DEC - Decrement

Usage: DEC dest

Modifies flags: AF OF PF SF ZF

Unsigned binary subtraction of one from the destination.

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
reg8	3	2	2	1	2
mem	15+EA	7	6	3	2-4
reg16/32	3	2	2	1	1

DIV - Divide

Usage: DIV src

Modifies flags: (AF,CF,OF,PF,SF,ZF undefined)

Unsigned binary division of accumulator by source. If the source divisor is a byte value then AX is divided by "src" and the quotient is placed in AL and the remainder in AH. If source operand is a word value, then DX:AX is divided by "src" and the quotient is stored in AX and the remainder in DX.

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
reg8	80-90	14	14	16	2
reg16	144-162	22	22	24	2
reg32	-	-	38	40	2
mem8	(86-96)+EA	17	17	16	2-4
mem16	(150-168)+EA	25	25	24	2-4 (W88=158-176+EA)
mem32	-	-	41	40	2-4

ENTER - Make Stack Frame (80188+)

Usage: ENTER locals,level
Modifies flags: None

Modifies stack for entry to procedure for high level language. Operand "locals" specifies the amount of storage to be allocated on the stack. "Level" specifies the nesting level of the routine. Paired with the LEAVE instruction, this is an efficient method of entry and exit to procedures.

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
immed16,0	-	11	10	14	4
immed16,1	-	15	12	17	4
immed16,immed8	-	12+4(n-1)	15+4(n-1)	17+3n	4

ESC - Escape

Usage: ESC immed,src
Modifies flags: None

Provides access to the data bus for other resident processors. The CPU treats it as a NOP but places memory operand on bus.

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
immed,reg	2	9-20	?		2
immed,mem	2	9-20	?		2-4

HLT - Halt CPU

Usage: HLT
Modifies flags: None

Halts CPU until RESET line is activated, NMI or maskable interrupt received. The CPU becomes dormant but retains the current CS:IP for later restart.

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
none	2	2	5	4	1

IDIV - Signed Integer Division

Usage: IDIV src
Modifies flags: (AF,CF,OF,PF,SF,ZF undefined)

Signed binary division of accumulator by source. If source is a byte value, AX is divided by "src" and the quotient is stored in AL and the remainder in AH. If source is a word value, DX:AX is

divided by "src", and the quotient is stored in AL and the remainder in DX.

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
reg8	101-112	17	19	19	2
reg16	165-184	25	27	27	2
reg32	-	-	43	43	2
mem8	(107-118)+EA	20	22	20	2-4
mem16	(171-190)+EA	38	30	28	2-4 (W88=175-194)
mem32	-	-	46	44	2-4

IMUL - Signed Multiply

Usage: IMUL src
IMUL src,immed (286+)
IMUL dest,src,immed8 (286+)
IMUL dest,src (386+)
Modifies flags: CF OF (AF,PF,SF,ZF undefined)

Signed multiplication of accumulator by "src" with result placed in the accumulator. If the source operand is a byte value, it is multiplied by AL and the result stored in AX. If the source operand is a word value it is multiplied by AX and the result is stored in DX:AX. Other variations of this instruction allow specification of source and destination registers as well as a third immediate factor.

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
reg8	80-98	13	9-14	13-18	2
reg16	128-154	21	9-22	13-26	2
reg32	-	-	9-38	12-42	2
mem8	86-104	16	12-17	13-18	2-4
mem16	134-160	24	12-25	13-26	2-4
mem32	-	-	12-41	13-42	2-4
reg16,reg16	-	-	9-22	13-26	3-5
reg32,reg32	-	-	9-38	13-42	3-5
reg16,mem16	-	-	12-25	13-26	3-5
reg32,mem32	-	-	12-41	13-42	3-5
reg16,immed	-	21	9-22	13-26	3
reg32,immed	-	21	9-38	13-42	3-6
reg16,reg16,immed	-	2	9-22	13-26	3-6
reg32,reg32,immed	-	21	9-38	13-42	3-6
reg16,mem16,immed	-	24	12-25	13-26	3-6
reg32,mem32,immed	-	24	12-41	13-42	3-6

IN - Input Byte or Word From Port

Usage: IN accum,port
Modifies flags: None

A byte, word or dword is read from "port" and placed in AL, AX or EAX respectively. If the port number is in the range of 0-255 it can be specified as an immediate, otherwise the port number must be specified in DX. Valid port ranges on the PC are 0-1024, though values through 65535 may be specified and recognized by third party vendors and PS/2's.

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
accum,immed8	10/14	5	12	14	2
accum,immed8 (PM)			6/26	8/28/27	2
accum,DX	8/12	5	13	14	1
accum,DX (PM)			7/27	8/28/27	1

- 386+ protected mode timings depend on privilege levels.

first number is the timing if: CPL IOPL
second number is the timing if: CPL > IOPL or in VM 86 mode (386)
CPL IOPL (486)
third number is the timing when: virtual mode on 486 processor

- 486 virtual mode always requires 27 cycles

INC - Increment

Usage: INC dest
 Modifies flags: AF OF PF SF ZF

Adds one to destination unsigned binary operand.

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
reg8	3	2	2	1	2
reg16	3	2	2	1	1
reg32	3	2	2	1	1
mem	15+EA	7	6	3	2-4 (W88=23+EA)

INS - Input String from Port (80188+)

Usage: INS dest,port
 INSB
 INSW
 INSD (386+)
 Modifies flags: None

Loads data from port to the destination ES:(E)DI (even if a destination operand is supplied). (E)DI is adjusted by the size of the operand and increased if the Direction Flag is cleared and decreased if the Direction Flag is set. For INSB, INSW, INSD no operands are allowed and the size is determined by the mnemonic.

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
dest,port	-	5	15	17	1
dest,port (PM)	-	5	9/29	10/32/30	1
none	-	5	15	17	1
none (PM)	-	5	9/29	10/32/30	1

- 386+ protected mode timings depend on privilege levels.

first number is the timing if: CPL IOPL
 second number is the timing if: CPL > IOPL
 third number is the timing if: virtual mode on 486 processor

INT - Interrupt

Usage: INT num
 Modifies flags: TF IF

Initiates a software interrupt by pushing the flags, clearing the Trap and Interrupt Flags, pushing CS followed by IP and loading CS:IP with the value found in the interrupt vector table. Execution then begins at the location addressed by the new CS:IP

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	

3 (constant)	52/72	23+m	33	26	2
3 (prot. mode, same priv.)	-	40+m	59	44	2
3 (prot. mode, more priv.)	-	78+m	99	71	2
3 (from VM86 to PL 0)	-	-	119	82	2
3 (prot. mode via task gate)	-	167+m	TS	37+TS	2
immed8	51/71	23+m	37	30	1
immed8 (prot. mode, same priv.)	-	40+m	59	44	1
immed8 (prot. mode, more priv.)	-	78+m	99	71	1
immed8 (from VM86 to PL 0)	-	-	119	86	1
immed8 (prot. mode, via task gate)	-	167+m	TS	37+TS	1

INTO - Interrupt on Overflow

Usage: INTO
Modifies flags: IF TF

If the Overflow Flag is set this instruction generates an INT 4 which causes the code addressed by 0000:0010 to be executed.

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size
		286	386	486	Bytes
none: jump	53/73	24+m	35	28	1
no jump	4	3	3	3	
(prot. mode, same priv.) -	-	-	59	46	1
(prot. mode, more priv.) -	-	-	99	73	1
(from VM86 to PL 0)	-	-	119	84	1
(prot. mode, via task gate)	-	-	TS	39+TS	1

INVD - Invalidate Cache (486+)

Usage: INVD
Modifies flags: none

Flushes CPU internal cache. Issues special function bus cycle which indicates to flush external caches. Data in write-back external caches is lost.

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size
		286	386	486	Bytes
none	-	-	-	4	2

INVLPG - Invalidate Translation Look-Aside Buffer Entry (486+)

Usage: INVLPG
Modifies flags: none

Invalidates a single page table entry in the Translation Look-Aside Buffer. Intel warns that this instruction may be implemented differently on future processors.

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size
		286	386	486	Bytes
none	-	-	-	12	2

- timing is for TLB entry hit only.

IRET/IRETD - Interrupt Return

Usage: IRET
IRETD (386+)
Modifies flags: AF CF DF IF PF SF TF ZF

Returns control to point of interruption by popping IP, CS and then the Flags from the stack and continues execution at this location. CPU exception interrupts will return to the instruction that cause the exception because the CS:IP placed on the stack during the interrupt is the address of the offending instruction.

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
iret	32/44	17+m	22	15	1
iret (prot. mode)	-	31+m	38	15	1
iret (to less privilege)	-	55+m	82	36	1
iret (different task, NT=1)	-	169+m	TS	TS+32	1
iretd	-	-	22/38	15	1
iretd (to less privilege)	-	-	82	36	1
iretd (to VM86 mode)	-	-	60	15	1
iretd (different task, NT=1)	-	-	TS	TS+32	1

- 386 timings are listed as real-mode/protected-mode

Jxx - Jump Instructions Table

Mnemonic	Meaning	Jump Condition
JA	Jump if Above	CF=0 and ZF=0
JAE	Jump if Above or Equal	CF=0
JB	Jump if Below	CF=1
JBE	Jump if Below or Equal	CF=1 or ZF=1
JC	Jump if Carry	CF=1
JCXZ	Jump if CX Zero	CX=0
JE	Jump if Equal	ZF=1
JG	Jump if Greater (signed)	ZF=0 and SF=OF
JGE	Jump if Greater or Equal (signed)	SF=OF
JL	Jump if Less (signed)	SF != OF
JLE	Jump if Less or Equal (signed)	ZF=1 or SF != OF
JMP	Unconditional Jump	unconditional
JNA	Jump if Not Above	CF=1 or ZF=1
JNAE	Jump if Not Above or Equal	CF=1
JNB	Jump if Not Below	CF=0
JNBE	Jump if Not Below or Equal	CF=0 and ZF=0
JNC	Jump if Not Carry	CF=0
JNE	Jump if Not Equal	ZF=0
JNG	Jump if Not Greater (signed)	ZF=1 or SF != OF
JNGE	Jump if Not Greater or Equal (signed)	SF != OF
JNL	Jump if Not Less (signed)	SF=OF
JNLE	Jump if Not Less or Equal (signed)	ZF=0 and SF=OF
JNO	Jump if Not Overflow (signed)	OF=0
JNP	Jump if No Parity	PF=0
JNS	Jump if Not Signed (signed)	SF=0
JNZ	Jump if Not Zero	ZF=0
JO	Jump if Overflow (signed)	OF=1
JP	Jump if Parity	PF=1
JPE	Jump if Parity Even	PF=1
JPO	Jump if Parity Odd	PF=0
JS	Jump if Signed (signed)	SF=1
JZ	Jump if Zero	ZF=1

Operands	Clocks				Size Bytes
	808x	286	386	486	
Jx: jump	16	7+m	7+m	3	2
no jump	4	3	3	1	
Jx near-label	-	-	7+m	3	4
no jump	-	-	3	1	

- It's a good programming practice to organize code so the expected case is executed without a jump since the actual jump takes longer to execute than falling through the test.
- see JCXZ and JMP for their respective timings

JCXZ/JECXZ - Jump if Register (E)CX is Zero

Usage: JCXZ label
JECXZ label (386+)
Modifies flags: None

Causes execution to branch to "label" if register CX is zero. Uses unsigned comparision.

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
label: jump	18	8+m	9+m	8	2
no jump	6	4	5	5	

JMP - Unconditional Jump

Usage: JMP target
Modifies flags: None

Unconditionally transfers control to "label". Jumps by default are within -32768 to 32767 bytes from the instruction following the jump. NEAR and SHORT jumps cause the IP to be updated while FAR jumps cause CS and IP to be updated.

Operands	Clocks			
	808x	286	386	486
rel8 (relative)	15	7+m	7+m	3
rel16 (relative)	15	7+m	7+m	3
rel32 (relative)	-	-	7+m	3
reg16 (near, register indirect)	11	7+m	7+m	5
reg32 (near, register indirect)	-	-	7+m	5
mem16 (near, mem indirect)	18+EA	11+m	10+m	5
mem32 (near, mem indirect)	24+EA	15+m	10+m	5
ptr16:16 (far, dword immmed)	-	-	12+m	17
ptr16:16 (far, PM dword immmed)	-	-	27+m	19
ptr16:16 (call gate, same priv.)	-	38+m	45+m	32
ptr16:16 (via TSS)	-	175+m	TS	42+TS
ptr16:16 (via task gate)	-	180+m	TS	43+TS
mem16:16 (far, indirect)	-	-	43+m	13
mem16:16 (far, PM indirect)	-	-	31+m	18
mem16:16 (call gate, same priv.)	-	41+m	49+m	31
mem16:16 (via TSS)	-	178+m	5+TS	41+TS
mem16:16 (via task gate)	-	183+m	5+TS	42+TS
ptr16:32 (far, 6 byte immmed)	-	-	12+m	13
ptr16:32 (far, PM 6 byte immmed)	-	-	27+m	18
ptr16:32 (call gate, same priv.)	-	-	45+m	31
ptr16:32 (via TSS)	-	-	TS	42+TS
ptr16:32 (via task state)	-	-	TS	43+TS
m16:32 (far, address at dword)	-	-	43+m	13
m16:32 (far, address at dword)	-	-	31+m	18
m16:32 (call gate, same priv.)	-	-	49+m	31
m16:32 (via TSS)	-	-	5+TS	41+TS
m16:32 (via task state)	-	-	5+TS	42+TS

LAHF - Load Register AH From Flags

Usage: LAHF
Modifies flags: None

Copies bits 0-7 of the flags register into AH. This includes flags AF, CF, PF, SF and ZF other bits are undefined.

AH := SF ZF xx AF xx PF xx CF

Operands	Clocks				Size Bytes
	808x	286	386	486	
none	4	2	2	3	1

LAR - Load Access Rights (286+ protected)

Usage: LAR dest,src
Modifies flags: ZF

The high byte of the of the destination register is overwritten by the value of the access rights byte and the low order byte is zeroed depending on the selection in the source operand. The Zero Flag is set if the load operation is successful.

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
reg16,reg16	-	14	15	11	3
reg32,reg32	-	-	15	11	3
reg16,mem16	-	16	16	11	3-7
reg32,mem32	-	-	16	11	3-7

LDS - Load Pointer Using DS

Usage: LDS dest,src
Modifies flags: None

Loads 32-bit pointer from memory source to destination register and DS. The offset is placed in the destination register and the segment is placed in DS. To use this instruction the word at the lower memory address must contain the offset and the word at the higher address must contain the segment. This simplifies the loading of far pointers from the stack and the interrupt vector table.

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
reg16,mem32	16+EA	7	7	6	2-4
reg,mem (PM)	-	-	22	12	5-7

LEA - Load Effective Address

Usage: LEA dest,src
Modifies flags: None

Transfers offset address of "src" to the destination register.

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
reg,mem	2+EA	3	2	1	2-4

- the MOV instruction can often save clock cycles when used in place of LEA on 8088 processors

LEAVE - Restore Stack for Procedure Exit (80188+)

Usage: LEAVE
Modifies flags: None

Releases the local variables created by the previous ENTER instruction by restoring SP and BP to their condition before the procedure stack frame was initialized.

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
none	-	5	4	5	1

LES - Load Pointer Using ES

Usage: LES dest,src
Modifies flags: None

Loads 32-bit pointer from memory source to destination register and ES. The offset is placed in the destination register and the

segment is placed in ES. To use this instruction the word at the lower memory address must contain the offset and the word at the higher address must contain the segment. This simplifies the loading of far pointers from the stack and the interrupt vector table.

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size	
		286	386	486	Bytes	
reg,mem	16+EA	7	7	6	2-4	(W88=24+EA)
reg,mem (PM)	-	-	22	12	5-7	

LFS - Load Pointer Using FS (386+)

Usage: LFS dest,src
Modifies flags: None

Loads 32-bit pointer from memory source to destination register and FS. The offset is placed in the destination register and the segment is placed in FS. To use this instruction the word at the lower memory address must contain the offset and the word at the higher address must contain the segment. This simplifies the loading of far pointers from the stack and the interrupt vector table.

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
reg,mem	-	-	7	6	5-7
reg,mem (PM)	-	-	22	12	5-7

LGDT - Load Global Descriptor Table (286+ privileged)

Usage: LGDT src
Modifies flags: None

Loads a value from an operand into the Global Descriptor Table (GDT) register.

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
mem64	-	11	11	11	5

LIDT - Load Interrupt Descriptor Table (286+ privileged)

Usage: LIDT src
Modifies flags: None

Loads a value from an operand into the Interrupt Descriptor Table (IDT) register.

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
mem64	-	12	11	11	5

LGS - Load Pointer Using GS (386+)

Usage: LGS dest,src
Modifies flags: None

Loads 32-bit pointer from memory source to destination register and GS. The offset is placed in the destination register and the segment is placed in GS. To use this instruction the word at the lower memory address must contain the offset and the word at the higher address must contain the segment. This simplifies the loading

of far pointers from the stack and the interrupt vector table.

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
reg,mem	-	-	7	6	5-7
reg,mem (PM)	-	-	22	12	5-7

LLDT - Load Local Descriptor Table (286+ privileged)

Usage: LLDT src
Modifies flags: None

Loads a value from an operand into the Local Descriptor Table Register (LDTR).

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
reg16	-	17	20	11	3
mem16	-	19	24	11	5

LMSW - Load Machine Status Word (286+ privileged)

Usage: LMSW src
Modifies flags: None

Loads the Machine Status Word (MSW) from data found at "src"

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
reg16	-	3	10	13	3
mem16	-	6	13	13	5

LOCK - Lock Bus

Usage: LOCK
LOCK: (386+ prefix)
Modifies flags: None

This instruction is a prefix that causes the CPU assert bus lock signal during the execution of the next instruction. Used to avoid two processors from updating the same data location. The 286 always asserts lock during an XCHG with memory operands. This should only be used to lock the bus prior to XCHG, MOV, IN and OUT instructions.

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
none	2	0	0	1	1

LODS - Load String (Byte, Word or Double)

Usage: LODS src
LODSB
LODSW
LODSD (386+)
Modifies flags: None

Transfers string element addressed by DS:SI (even if an operand is

supplied) to the accumulator. SI is incremented based on the size of the operand or based on the instruction used. If the Direction Flag is set SI is decremented, if the Direction Flag is clear SI is incremented. Use with REP prefixes.

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size
		286	386	486	Bytes
src	12/16	5	5	5	1

LOOP - Decrement CX and Loop if CX Not Zero

Usage: LOOP label
Modifies flags: None

Decrements CX by 1 and transfers control to "label" if CX is not Zero. The "label" operand must be within -128 or 127 bytes of the instruction following the loop instruction

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
label: jump	18	8+m	11+m	6	2
no jump	5	4	?	2	

LOOPE/LOOPZ - Loop While Equal / Loop While Zero

Usage: LOOPE label
LOOPZ label
Modifies flags: None

Decrements CX by 1 (without modifying the flags) and transfers control to "label" if CX != 0 and the Zero Flag is set. The "label" operand must be within -128 or 127 bytes of the instruction following the loop instruction.

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
label: jump	18	8+m	11+m	9	2
no jump	5	4	?	6	

LOOPNZ/LOOPNE - Loop While Not Zero / Loop While Not Equal

Usage: LOOPNZ label
LOOPNE label
Modifies flags: None

Decrements CX by 1 (without modifying the flags) and transfers control to "label" if CX != 0 and the Zero Flag is clear. The "label" operand must be within -128 or 127 bytes of the instruction following the loop instruction.

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
label: jump	19	8+m	11+m	9	2
no jump	5	4	?	6	

LSL - Load Segment Limit (286+ protected)

Usage: LSL dest,src
Modifies flags: ZF

Loads the segment limit of a selector into the destination register if the selector is valid and visible at the current privilege level. If loading is successful the Zero Flag is set, otherwise it is cleared.

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
reg16,reg16	-	14	20/25	10	3
reg32,reg32	-	-	20/25	10	3
reg16,mem16	-	16	21/26	10	5
reg32,mem32	-	-	21/26	10	5

- 386 times are listed "byte granular" / "page granular"

LSS - Load Pointer Using SS (386+)

Usage: LSS dest,src
Modifies flags: None

Loads 32-bit pointer from memory source to destination register and SS. The offset is placed in the destination register and the segment is placed in SS. To use this instruction the word at the lower memory address must contain the offset and the word at the higher address must contain the segment. This simplifies the loading of far pointers from the stack and the interrupt vector table.

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
reg,mem	-	-	7	6	5-7
reg,mem (PM)	-	-	22	12	5-7

LTR - Load Task Register (286+ privileged)

Usage: LTR src
Modifies flags: None

Loads the current task register with the value specified in "src".

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
reg16	-	17	23	20	3
mem16	-	19	27	20	5

MOV - Move Byte or Word

Usage: MOV dest,src
Modifies flags: None

Copies byte or word from the source operand to the destination operand. If the destination is SS interrupts are disabled except on early buggy 808x CPUs. Some CPUs disable interrupts if the destination is any of the segment registers

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
reg,reg	2	2	2	1	2
mem,reg	9+EA	3	2	1	2-4 (W88=13+EA)
reg,mem	8+EA	5	4	1	2-4 (W88=12+EA)
mem,immed	10+EA	3	2	1	3-6 (W88=14+EA)
reg,immed	4	2	2	1	2-3
mem,accum	10	3	2	1	3 (W88=14)
accum,mem	10	5	4	1	3 (W88=14)
segreg,reg16	2	2	2	3	2
segreg,mem16	8+EA	5	5	9	2-4 (W88=12+EA)
reg16,segreg	2	2	2	3	2
mem16,segreg	9+EA	3	2	3	2-4 (W88=13+EA)

reg32, CR0/CR2/CR3	-	-	6	4	
CR0, reg32	-	-	10	16	
CR2, reg32	-	-	4	4	3
CR3, reg32	-	-	5	4	3
reg32, DR0/DR1/DR2/DR3	-	-	22	10	3
reg32, DR6/DR7	-	-	22	10	3
DR0/DR1/DR2/DR3, reg32	-	-	22	11	3
DR6/DR7, reg32	-	-	16	11	3
reg32, TR6/TR7	-	-	12	4	3
TR6/TR7, reg32	-	-	12	4	3
reg32, TR3				3	
TR3, reg32				6	

- when the 386 special registers are used all operands are 32 bits

MOVS - Move String (Byte or Word)

Usage: MOVS dest,src
MOVSB
MOVSW
MOVSD (386+)

Modifies flags: None

Copies data from address pointed by DS:SI (even if operands are given) to the location ES:DI destination and updates SI and DI based on the size of the operand or instruction used. SI and DI are incremented when the Direction Flag is cleared and decremented when the Direction Flag is Set. Use with REP prefixes.

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
dest,src	18	5	7	7	1 (W88=26)

MOVSX - Move with Sign Extend (386+)

Usage: MOVSX dest,src
Modifies flags: None

Copies the value of the source operand to the destination register with the sign extended.

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
reg,reg	-	-	3	3	3
reg,mem	-	-	6	3	3-7

MOVZX - Move with Zero Extend (386+)

Usage: MOVZX dest,src
Modifies flags: None

Copies the value of the source operand to the destination register with the zeroes extended.

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
reg,reg	-	-	3	3	3
reg,mem	-	-	6	3	3-7

MUL - Unsigned Multiply

Usage: MUL src
Modifies flags: CF OF (AF,PF,SF,ZF undefined)

Unsigned multiply of the accumulator by the source. If "src" is a byte value, then AL is used as the other multiplicand and the

result is placed in AX. If "src" is a word value, then AX is multiplied by "src" and DX:AX receives the result. If "src" is a double word value, then EAX is multiplied by "src" and EDX:EAX receives the result. The 386+ uses an early out algorithm which makes multiplying any size value in EAX as fast as in the 8 or 16 bit registers.

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
reg8	70-77	13	9-14	13-18	2
reg16	118-113	21	9-22	13-26	2
reg32	-	-	9-38	13-42	2-4
mem8	(76-83)+EA	16	12-17	13-18	2-4
mem16	(124-139)+EA	24	12-25	13-26	2-4
mem32	-	-	12-21	13-42	2-4

NEG - Two's Complement Negation

Usage: NEG dest
Modifies flags: AF CF OF PF SF ZF

Subtracts the destination from 0 and saves the 2s complement of "dest" back into "dest".

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
reg	3	2	2	1	2
mem	16+EA	7	6	3	2-4 (W88=24+EA)

NOP - No Operation (90h)

Usage: NOP
Modifies flags: None

This is a do nothing instruction. It results in occupation of both space and time and is most useful for patching code segments.
(This is the original XCHG AL,AL instruction)

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
none	3	3	3	1	1

NOT - One's Complement Negation (Logical NOT)

Usage: NOT dest
Modifies flags: None

Inverts the bits of the "dest" operand forming the 1s complement.

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
reg	3	2	2	1	2
mem	16+EA	7	6	3	2-4 (W88=24+EA)

OR - Inclusive Logical OR

Usage: OR dest,src
Modifies flags: CF OF PF SF ZF (AF undefined)

Logical inclusive OR of the two operands returning the result in the destination. Any bit set in either operand will be set in the destination.

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
reg,reg	3	2	2	1	2

mem, reg	16+EA	7	7	3	2-4	(W88=24+EA)
reg, mem	9+EA	7	6	2	2-4	(W88=13+EA)
reg, immed	4	3	2	1	3-4	
mem8, immed8	17+EA	7	7	3	3-6	
mem16, immed16	25+EA	7	7	3	3-6	
accum, immed	4	3	2	1	2-3	

OUT - Output Data to Port

Usage: OUT port,accum
Modifies flags: None

Transfers byte in AL, word in AX or dword in EAX to the specified hardware port address. If the port number is in the range of 0-255 it can be specified as an immediate. If greater than 255 then the port number must be specified in DX. Since the PC only decodes 10 bits of the port address, values over 1023 can only be decoded by third party vendor equipment and also map to the port range 0-1023.

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
immed8,accum	10/14	3	10	16	2
immed8,accum (PM)	-	-	4/24	11/31/29	2
DX,accum	8/12	3	11	16	1
DX,accum (PM)	-	-	5/25	10/30/29	1

- 386+ protected mode timings depend on privilege levels.

first number is the timing when: CPL IOPL
second number is the timing when: CPL > IOPL
third number is the timing when: virtual mode on 486 processor

OUTS - Output String to Port (80188+)

Usage: OUTS port,src
OUTSB
OUTSW
OUTSD (386+)
Modifies flags: None

Transfers a byte, word or doubleword from "src" to the hardware port specified in DX. For instructions with no operands the "src" is located at DS:SI and SI is incremented or decremented by the size of the operand or the size dictated by the instruction format. When the Direction Flag is set SI is decremented, when clear, SI is incremented. If the port number is in the range of 0-255 it can be specified as an immediate. If greater than 255 then the port number must be specified in DX. Since the PC only decodes 10 bits of the port address, values over 1023 can only be decoded by third party vendor equipment and also map to the port range 0-1023.

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
port,src	-	5	14	17	1
port,src (PM)	-	-	8/28	10/32/30	1

- 386+ protected mode timings depend on privilege levels.

first number is the timing when: CPL IOPL
second number is the timing when: CPL > IOPL
third number is the timing when: virtual mode on 486 processor

POP - Pop Word off Stack

Usage: POP dest
Modifies flags: None

Transfers word at the current stack top (SS:SP) to the destination then increments SP by two to point to the new stack top. CS is not a valid destination.

Operands	Clocks				Size Bytes
	808x	286	386	486	
reg16	8	5	4	4	1
reg32	4	-	-	4	1
segreg	8	5	7	3	1
mem16	17+EA	5	5	6	2-4
mem32	5	-	-	6	2-4

POPA/POPAD - Pop All Registers onto Stack (80188+)

Usage: POPA
 POPAD (386+)
 Modifies flags: None

Pops the top 8 words off the stack into the 8 general purpose 16/32 bit registers. Registers are popped in the following order: (E)DI, (E)SI, (E)BP, (E)SP, (E)DX, (E)CX and (E)AX. The (E)SP value popped from the stack is actually discarded.

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
none	-	19	24	9	1

POPF/POPFD - Pop Flags off Stack

Usage: POPF
 POPFD (386+)
 Modifies flags: all flags

Pops word/doubleword from stack into the Flags Register and then increments SP by 2 (for POPF) or 4 (for POPFD).

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
none	8/12	5	5	9	1 (W88=12)
none (PM)	-	-	5	6	1

PUSH - Push Word onto Stack

Usage: PUSH src
 PUSH immed (80188+ only)
 Modifies flags: None

Decrements SP by the size of the operand (two or four, byte values are sign extended) and transfers one word from source to the stack top (SS:SP).

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
reg16	11/15	3	2	1	1
reg32	-	-	2	1	1
mem16	16+EA	5	5	4	2-4 (W88=24+EA)
mem32	-	-	5	4	2-4
segreg	10/14	3	2	3	1
immed	-	3	2	1	2-3

PUSHA/PUSHAD - Push All Registers onto Stack (80188+)

Usage: PUSHA

PUSHAD (386+)
Modifies flags: None

Pushes all general purpose registers onto the stack in the following order: (E)AX, (E)CX, (E)DX, (E)BX, (E)SP, (E)BP, (E)SI, (E)DI. The value of SP is the value before the actual push of SP.

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size
		286	386	486	Bytes
none	-	19	24	11	1

PUSHF/PUSHFD - Push Flags onto Stack

Usage: PUSHF
 PUSHFD (386+)
 Modifies flags: None

Transfers the Flags Register onto the stack. PUSHF saves a 16 bit value while PUSHFD saves a 32 bit value.

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
none	10/14	3	4	4	1
none (PM)	-	-	4	3	1

RCL - Rotate Through Carry Left

Usage: RCL dest,count
 Modifies flags: CF OF

$C \leftarrow 7 \leftarrow 0j < L$

Rotates the bits in the destination to the left "count" times with all data pushed out the left side re-entering on the right. The Carry Flag holds the last bit rotated out.

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
reg,1	2	2	9	3	2
mem,1	15+EA	7	10	4	2-4 (W88=23+EA)
reg,CL	8+4n	5+n	9	8-30	2
mem,CL	20+EA+4n	8+n	10	9-31	2-4 (W88=28+EA+4n)
reg,immed8	-	5+n	9	8-30	3
mem,immed8	-	8+n	10	9-31	3-5

RCR - Rotate Through Carry Right

Usage: RCR dest,count
 Modifies flags: CF OF

$L > 7 > 0 > C$

Rotates the bits in the destination to the right "count" times with all data pushed out the right side re-entering on the left. The Carry Flag holds the last bit rotated out.

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	

reg,1	2	2	9	3	2	
mem,1	15+EA	7	10	4	2-4	(W88=23+EA)
reg,CL	8+4n	5+n	9	8-30	2	
mem,CL	20+EA+4n	8+n	10	9-31	2-4	(W88=28+EA+4n)
reg,immed8	-	5+n	9	8-30	3	
mem,immed8	-	8+n	10	9-31	3-5	

REP - Repeat String Operation

Usage: REP
Modifies flags: None

Repeats execution of string instructions while CX != 0. After each string operation, CX is decremented and the Zero Flag is tested. The combination of a repeat prefix and a segment override on CPU's before the 386 may result in errors if an interrupt occurs before CX=0. The following code shows code that is susceptible to this and how to avoid it:

```
again: rep movs byte ptr ES:[DI],ES:[SI] ; vulnerable instr.
      jcxz next ; continue if REP successful
      loop again ; interrupt goofed count
next:
```

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
none	2	2	2		1

REPE/REPZ - Repeat Equal / Repeat Zero

Usage: REPE
REPZ
Modifies flags: None

Repeats execution of string instructions while CX != 0 and the Zero Flag is set. CX is decremented and the Zero Flag tested after each string operation. The combination of a repeat prefix and a segment override on processors other than the 386 may result in errors if an interrupt occurs before CX=0.

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
none	2	2	2		1

REPNE/REPZ - Repeat Not Equal / Repeat Not Zero

Usage: REPNE
REPZ
Modifies flags: None

Repeats execution of string instructions while CX != 0 and the Zero Flag is clear. CX is decremented and the Zero Flag tested after each string operation. The combination of a repeat prefix and a segment override on processors other than the 386 may result in errors if an interrupt occurs before CX=0.

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
none	2	2	2		1

RET/RETF - Return From Procedure

Usage: RET nBytes
 RETF nBytes
 RETN nBytes

Modifies flags: None

Transfers control from a procedure back to the instruction address saved on the stack. "n bytes" is an optional number of bytes to release. Far returns pop the IP followed by the CS, while near returns pop only the IP register.

Operands	Clocks				Size Bytes
	808x	286	386	486	
retn	16/20	11+m	10+m	5	1
retn immed	20/24	11+m	10+m	5	3
retf	26/34	15+m	18+m	13	1
retf (PM, same priv.)	-	-	32+m	18	1
retf (PM, lesser priv.)	-	-	68	33	1
retf immed	25/33	15+m	18+m	14	3
retf immed (PM, same priv.)	-	-	32+m	17	1
retf immed (PM, lesser priv.)	-	-	68	33	1

ROL - Rotate Left

Usage: ROL dest,count
 Modifies flags: CF OF

C< 7 < 0<L
 ! !

Rotates the bits in the destination to the left "count" times with all data pushed out the left side re-entering on the right. The Carry Flag will contain the value of the last bit rotated out.

Operands	Clocks				Size Bytes
	808x	286	386	486	
reg,1	2	2	3	3	2
mem,1	15+EA	7	7	4	2-4 (W88=23+EA)
reg,CL	8+4n	5+n	3	3	2
mem,CL	20+EA+4n	8+n	7	4	2-4 (W88=28+EA+4n)
reg,immed8	-	5+n	3	2	3
mem,immed8	-	8+n	7	4	3-5

ROR - Rotate Right

Usage: ROR dest,count
 Modifies flags: CF OF

>7 > 0 >C
 !

Rotates the bits in the destination to the right "count" times with all data pushed out the right side re-entering on the left. The Carry Flag will contain the value of the last bit rotated out.

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes	
		286	386	486		
reg,1	2	2	3	3	2	
mem,1	15+EA	7	7	4	2-4	(W88=23+EA)
reg,CL	8+4n	5+n	3	3	2	
mem,CL	20+EA+4n	8+n	7	4	2-4	(W88=28+EA+4n)
reg,immed8	-	5+n	3	2	3	
mem,immed8	-	8+n	7	4	3-5	

SAHF - Store AH Register into FLAGS

Usage: SAHF

Modifies flags: AF CF PF SF ZF

Transfers bits 0-7 of AH into the Flags Register. This includes AF, CF, PF, SF and ZF.

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
none	4	2	3	2	1

SAL/SHL - Shift Arithmetic Left / Shift Logical Left

Usage: SAL dest,count

SHL dest,count

Modifies flags: CF OF PF SF ZF (AF undefined)

C< 7 < 0< 0

Shifts the destination left by "count" bits with zeroes shifted in on right. The Carry Flag contains the last bit shifted out.

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
reg,1	2	2	3	3	2
mem,1	15+EA	7	7	4	2-4 (W88=23+EA)
reg,CL	8+4n	5+n	3	3	2
mem,CL	20+EA+4n	8+n	7	4	2-4 (W88=28+EA+4n)
reg,immed8	-	5+n	3	2	3
mem,immed8	-	8+n	7	4	3-5

SAR - Shift Arithmetic Right

Usage: SAR dest,count

Modifies flags: CF OF PF SF ZF (AF undefined)

7 ^L > 0ij >C

^

Shifts the destination right by "count" bits with the current sign bit replicated in the leftmost bit. The Carry Flag contains the last bit shifted out.

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
reg,1	2	2	3	3	2
mem,1	15+EA	7	7	4	2-4 (W88=23+EA)

reg,CL	8+4n	5+n	3	3	2	
mem,CL	20+EA+4n	8+n	7	4	2-4	(W88=28+EA+4n)
reg,immed8	-	5+n	3	2	3	
mem,immed8	-	8+n	7	4	3-5	

SBB - Subtract with Borrow/Carry

Usage: SBB dest,src
Modifies flags: AF CF OF PF SF ZF

Subtracts the source from the destination, and subtracts 1 extra if the Carry Flag is set. Results are returned in "dest".

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
reg,reg	3	2	2	1	2
mem,reg	16+EA	7	6	3	2-4 (W88=24+EA)
reg,mem	9+EA	7	7	2	2-4 (W88=13+EA)
reg,immed	4	3	2	1	3-4
mem,immed	17+EA	7	7	3	3-6 (W88=25+EA)
accum,immed	4	3	2	1	2-3

SCAS - Scan String (Byte, Word or Doubleword)

Usage: SCAS string
SCASB
SCASW
SCASD (386+)
Modifies flags: AF CF OF PF SF ZF

Compares value at ES:DI (even if operand is specified) from the accumulator and sets the flags similar to a subtraction. DI is incremented/decremented based on the instruction format (or operand size) and the state of the Direction Flag. Use with REP prefixes.

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
string	15	7	7	6	1 (W88=19)

SETAE/SETNB - Set if Above or Equal / Set if Not Below (386+)

Usage: SETAE dest
SETNB dest
(unsigned, 386+)
Modifies flags: none

Sets the byte in the operand to 1 if the Carry Flag is clear otherwise sets the operand to 0.

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
reg8	-	-	4	3	3
mem8	-	-	5	4	3

SETB/SETNAE - Set if Below / Set if Not Above or Equal (386+)

Usage: SETB dest
 SETNAE dest
(unsigned, 386+)
Modifies flags: none

Sets the byte in the operand to 1 if the Carry Flag is set
otherwise sets the operand to 0.

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
reg8	-	-	4	3	3
mem8	-	-	5	4	3

SETBE/SETNA - Set if Below or Equal / Set if Not Above (386+)

Usage: SETBE dest
SETNA dest
(unsigned, 386+)
Modifies flags: none

Sets the byte in the operand to 1 if the Carry Flag or the Zero Flag is set, otherwise sets the operand to 0.

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
reg8	-	-	4	3	3
mem8	-	-	5	4	3

SETE/SETZ - Set if Equal / Set if Zero (386+)

Usage: SETE dest
SETZ dest
Modifies flags: none

Sets the byte in the operand to 1 if the Zero Flag is set, otherwise sets the operand to 0.

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
reg8	-	-	4	3	3
mem8	-	-	5	4	3

SETNE/SETNZ - Set if Not Equal / Set if Not Zero (386+)

Usage: SETNE dest
SETNZ dest
Modifies flags: none

Sets the byte in the operand to 1 if the Zero Flag is clear, otherwise sets the operand to 0.

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
reg8	-	-	4	3	3
mem8	-	-	5	4	3

SETL/SETNGE - Set if Less / Set if Not Greater or Equal (386+)

Usage: SETL dest
SETNGE dest
(signed, 386+)
Modifies flags: none

Sets the byte in the operand to 1 if the Sign Flag is not equal

to the Overflow Flag, otherwise sets the operand to 0.

Operands	Clocks				Size Bytes
	808x	286	386	486	
reg8	-	-	4	3	3
mem8	-	-	5	4	3

SETGE/SETNL - Set if Greater or Equal / Set if Not Less (386+)

Usage: SETGE dest
 SETNL dest
(signed, 386+)
Modifies flags: none

Sets the byte in the operand to 1 if the Sign Flag equals the Overflow Flag, otherwise sets the operand to 0.

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
reg8	-	-	4	3	3
mem8	-	-	5	4	3

SETLE/SETNG - Set if Less or Equal / Set if Not greater or Equal (386+)

Usage: SETLE dest
 SETNG dest
(signed, 386+)
Modifies flags: none

Sets the byte in the operand to 1 if the Zero Flag is set or the Sign Flag is not equal to the Overflow Flag, otherwise sets the operand to 0.

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
reg8	-	-	4	3	3
mem8	-	-	5	4	3

SETG/SETNLE - Set if Greater / Set if Not Less or Equal (386+)

Usage: SETG dest
 SETNLE dest
(signed, 386+)
Modifies flags: none

Sets the byte in the operand to 1 if the Zero Flag is clear or the Sign Flag equals to the Overflow Flag, otherwise sets the operand to 0.

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
reg8	-	-	4	3	3
mem8	-	-	5	4	3

SETS - Set if Signed (386+)

Usage: SETS dest
Modifies flags: none

Sets the byte in the operand to 1 if the Sign Flag is set, otherwise sets the operand to 0.

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size
		286	386	486	Bytes
reg8	-	-	4	3	3
mem8	-	-	5	4	3

SETNS - Set if Not Signed (386+)

Usage: SETNS dest
Modifies flags: none

Sets the byte in the operand to 1 if the Sign Flag is clear, otherwise sets the operand to 0.

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
reg8	-	-	4	3	3
mem8	-	-	5	4	3

SETC - Set if Carry (386+)

Usage: SETC dest
Modifies flags: none

Sets the byte in the operand to 1 if the Carry Flag is set, otherwise sets the operand to 0.

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
reg8	-	-	4	3	3
mem8	-	-	5	4	3

SETNC - Set if Not Carry (386+)

Usage: SETNC dest
Modifies flags: none

Sets the byte in the operand to 1 if the Carry Flag is clear, otherwise sets the operand to 0.

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
reg8	-	-	4	3	3
mem8	-	-	5	4	3

SETO - Set if Overflow (386+)

Usage: SETO dest
Modifies flags: none

Sets the byte in the operand to 1 if the Overflow Flag is set, otherwise sets the operand to 0.

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
reg8	-	-	4	3	3

mem8	-	-	5	4	3
------	---	---	---	---	---

SETNO - Set if Not Overflow (386+)

Usage: SETNO dest
 Modifies flags: none

Sets the byte in the operand to 1 if the Overflow Flag is clear,
 otherwise sets the operand to 0.

Operands	Clocks				Size Bytes
	808x	286	386	486	
reg8	-	-	4	3	3
mem8	-	-	5	4	3

SETP/SETPE - Set if Parity / Set if Parity Even (386+)

Usage: SETP dest
SETPE dest
Modifies flags: none

Sets the byte in the operand to 1 if the Parity Flag is set, otherwise sets the operand to 0.

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
reg8	-	-	4	3	3
mem8	-	-	5	4	3

SETNP/SETPO - Set if No Parity / Set if Parity Odd (386+)

Usage: SETNP dest
SETPO dest
Modifies flags: none

Sets the byte in the operand to 1 if the Parity Flag is clear, otherwise sets the operand to 0.

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
reg8	-	-	4	3	3
mem8	-	-	5	4	3

SGDT - Store Global Descriptor Table (286+ privileged)

Usage: SGDT dest
Modifies flags: none

Stores the Global Descriptor Table (GDT) Register into the specified operand.

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
mem64	-	11	9	10	5

SIDT - Store Interrupt Descriptor Table (286+ privileged)

Usage: SIDT dest
Modifies flags: none

Stores the Interrupt Descriptor Table (IDT) Register into the specified operand.

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	

mem64 - 12 9 10 5

SHL - Shift Logical Left

See: SAL

SHR - Shift Logical Right

Usage: SHR dest,count
 Modifies flags: CF OF PF SF ZF (AF undefined)

0 >7 > 0 >C

Shifts the destination right by "count" bits with zeroes shifted in on the left. The Carry Flag contains the last bit shifted out.

Operands	Clocks				Size Bytes
	808x	286	386	486	
reg,1	2	2	3		2
mem,1	15+EA	7	7		2-4 (W88=23+EA)
reg,CL	8+4n	5+n	3		2
mem,CL	20+EA+4n	8+n	7		2-4 (W88=28+EA+4n)
reg,immed8	-	5+n	3		3
mem,immed8	-	8+n	7		3-5

SHLD/SHRD - Double Precision Shift (386+)

Usage: SHLD dest,src,count
 SHRD dest,src,count
 Modifies flags: CF PF SF ZF (OF,AF undefined)

SHLD shifts "dest" to the left "count" times and the bit positions opened are filled with the most significant bits of "src". SHRD shifts "dest" to the right "count" times and the bit positions opened are filled with the least significant bits of the second operand. Only the 5 lower bits of "count" are used.

Operands	Clocks				Size Bytes
	808x	286	386	486	
reg16,reg16,immed8	-	-	3	2	4
reg32,reg32,immed8	-	-	3	2	4
mem16,reg16,immed8	-	-	7	3	6
mem32,reg32,immed8	-	-	7	3	6
reg16,reg16,CL	-	-	3	3	3
reg32,reg32,CL	-	-	3	3	3
mem16,reg16,CL	-	-	7	4	5
mem32,reg32,CL	-	-	7	4	5

SLDT - Store Local Descriptor Table (286+ privileged)

Usage: SLDT dest
 Modifies flags: none

Stores the Local Descriptor Table (LDT) Register into the specified operand.

Clocks

Size

Operands	808x	286	386	486	Bytes
reg16	-	2	2	2	3
mem16	-	2	2	3	5

SMSW - Store Machine Status Word (286+ privileged)

Usage: SMSW dest
 Modifies flags: none

Store Machine Status Word (MSW) into "dest".

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
reg16	-	2	10	2	3
mem16	-	3	3	3	5

STC - Set Carry

Usage: STC

Modifies flags: CF

Sets the Carry Flag to 1.

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
none	2	2	2	2	1

STD - Set Direction Flag

Usage: STD

Modifies flags: DF

Sets the Direction Flag to 1 causing string instructions to auto-decrement SI and DI instead of auto-increment.

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
none	2	2	2	2	1

STI - Set Interrupt Flag (Enable Interrupts)

Usage: STI

Modifies flags: IF

Sets the Interrupt Flag to 1, which enables recognition of all hardware interrupts. If an interrupt is generated by a hardware device, an End of Interrupt (EOI) must also be issued to enable other hardware interrupts of the same or lower priority.

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
none	2	2	2	5	1

STOS - Store String (Byte, Word or Doubleword)

Usage: STOS dest

STOSB

STOSW

STOSD

Modifies flags: None

Stores value in accumulator to location at ES:(E)DI (even if operand is given). (E)DI is incremented/decremented based on the size of the operand (or instruction format) and the state of the Direction Flag. Use with REP prefixes.

Clocks

Size

Operands	808x	286	386	486	Bytes
dest	11	3	4	5	1 (W88=15)

STR - Store Task Register (286+ privileged)

Usage: STR dest
 Modifies flags: None

Stores the current Task Register to the specified operand.

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size
		286	386	486	Bytes
reg16	-	2	2	2	3
mem16	-	3	2	3	5

SUB - Subtract

Usage: SUB dest,src
Modifies flags: AF CF OF PF SF ZF

The source is subtracted from the destination and the result is stored in the destination.

Operands	Clocks				Size	
	808x	286	386	486	Bytes	
reg,reg	3	2	2	1	2	
mem,reg	16+EA	7	6	3	2-4	(W88=24+EA)
reg,mem	9+EA	7	7	2	2-4	(W88=13+EA)
reg,immed	4	3	2	1	3-4	
mem,immed	17+EA	7	7	3	3-6	(W88=25+EA)
accum,immed	4	3	2	1	2-3	

TEST - Test For Bit Pattern

Usage: TEST dest,src
Modifies flags: CF OF PF SF ZF (AF undefined)

Performs a logical AND of the two operands updating the flags register without saving the result.

Operands	Clocks				Size	
	808x	286	386	486	Bytes	
reg,reg	3	2	1	1	2	
reg,mem	9+EA	6	5	1	2-4	(W88=13+EA)
mem,reg	9+EA	6	5	2	2-4	(W88=13+EA)
reg,immed	5	3	2	1	3-4	
mem,immed	11+EA	6	5	2	3-6	
accum,immed	4	3	2	1	2-3	

VERR - Verify Read (286+ protected)

Usage: VERR src
Modifies flags: ZF

Verifies the specified segment selector is valid and is readable at the current privilege level. If the segment is readable, the Zero Flag is set, otherwise it is cleared.

Operands	Clocks				Size	
	808x	286	386	486	Bytes	
reg16	-	14	10	11	3	
mem16	-	16	11	11	5	

VERW - Verify Write (286+ protected)

Usage: VERW src

Modifies flags: ZF

Verifies the specified segment selector is valid and is ratable at the current privilege level. If the segment is writable, the Zero Flag is set, otherwise it is cleared.

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
reg16	-	14	15	11	3
mem16	-	16	16	11	5

WAIT/FWAIT - Event Wait

Usage: WAIT
FWAIT
Modifies flags: None

CPU enters wait state until the coprocessor signals it has finished its operation. This instruction is used to prevent the CPU from accessing memory that may be temporarily in use by the coprocessor. WAIT and FWAIT are identical.

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
none	4	3	6+	1-3	1

WBINVD - Write-Back and Invalidate Cache (486+)

Usage: WBINVD
Modifies flags: None

Flushes internal cache, then signals the external cache to write back current data followed by a signal to flush the external cache.

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
none	-	-	-	5	2

XCHG - Exchange

Usage: XCHG dest,src
Modifies flags: None

Exchanges contents of source and destination.

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
reg,reg	4	3	3	3	2
mem,reg	17+EA	5	5	5	2-4 (W88=25+EA)
reg,mem	17+EA	5	5	3	2-4 (W88=25+EA)
accum,reg	3	3	3	3	1
reg,accum	3	3	3	3	1

XLAT/XLATB - Translate

Usage: XLAT translation-table
XLATB (masm 5.x)
Modifies flags: None

Replaces the byte in AL with byte from a user table addressed by BX. The original value of AL is the index into the translate table. The best way to describe this is MOV AL,[BX+AL]

Operands	808x	Clocks			Size Bytes
		286	386	486	
table offset	11	5	5	4	1

XOR - Exclusive OR

Usage: XOR dest,src

Modifies flags: CF OF PF SF ZF (AF undefined)

Performs a bitwise exclusive OR of the operands and returns the result in the destination.

Operands	Clocks				Size	
	808x	286	386	486	Bytes	
reg,reg	3	2	2	1	2	
mem,reg	16+EA	7	6	3	2-4	(W88=24+EA)
reg,mem	9+EA	7	7	2	2-4	(W88=13+EA)
reg,immed	4	3	2	1	3-4	
mem,immed	17+EA	7	7	3	3-6	(W88=25+EA)
accum,immed	4	3	2	1	2-3	