



encodeWithCoder:

NSCopying copy

NSObject isEqual:object

initWithCoder:

copyWithZone:

hash

superclass

class

self

zone

perform:

perform withObject:

perform withObject:withObject:

isProxy

isKindOfClass:

isMemberOfClass:

conformsToProtocol:

respondsToSelector:

retain

release

autorelease

retainCount

`(NSString *)exceptionName`

Returns the short NSString that is used to uniquely identify the exception.

`(NSString *)exceptionReason`

Returns the longer NSString that contains a "human-readable" reason for the exception.

`(NSDictionary *)exceptionUserInfo`

Returns an NSDictionary object that contains application-specific data for the exception. Returns nil if no specific data exists for the exception. As an example, if a function's return value caused the exception, the return value might be passed to the exception handler through UserInfo. Or, if the exception handler displays a panel in response to the exception, userInfo might contain the text string to be displayed in the panel.

`initWithName:(NSString *)name reason:(NSString *)reason userInfo:(NSDictionary *)userInfo`

Initializes a newly allocated exception object using the predefined name, human-readable reason, and userInfo. This is the designated initializer.

`(volatile void)raise`

Raises the exception, causing program flow to jump to the enclosing error handler.