

init
initTextCell:
initIconCell:
copyFromZone:
free

Determining component sizes calcCellSize:inRect:
getDrawRect:
getTitleRect:
getIconRect:

Setting the titles setTitle:

setTitleNoCopy:
title
setAltTitle:
altTitle
setFont:

Setting the icons setIcon:

icon
setAltIcon:
altIcon
setImage:
image
setAltImage:
altImage
setIconPosition:
iconPosition

Setting the Sound setSound:

sound

Setting the state setDoubleValue:

Tracking the mouse track `Mouse:inRect:ofView:`

Setting the key equivalent `setKeyEquivalent:`

`setKeyEquivalentFont:`
`setKeyEquivalentFont:size:`
`keyEquivalent`

Setting parameters `setParameter:to:`

`getParameter:`

Modifying graphic attributes `setBordered:`

`isBordered`
`setTransparent:`
`isTransparent`
`isOpaque`

Modifying display behavior `setType:`

`setHighlightsBy:`
`highlightsBy`
`setShowsStateBy:`
`showsStateBy`

Simulating a click `performClick:`

Displaying the ButtonCell `drawInside:inView:`

`drawSelf:inView:`
`highlight:inView:lit:`

Archiving read:

`write:`

`(const char *)altIcon`

Returns the name of the `NXImage` that appears on the `ButtonCell` when it's in its alternate state, or alternate icon or the `NXImage` has no name. This `NXImage` is displayed only for `ButtonCells` that alternate state by displaying their alternate contents (as opposed to simply lighting or pushing in).

`setAltIcon:`, `setIconPosition:`, `altImage`, `icon`, `image`, `setType:`

`altImage`

Returns the `NXImage` that appears on the `ButtonCell` when it's in its alternate state, or nil if there is no `NXImage`. This `ButtonCell` only displays its alternate `NXImage` if it highlights or shows its alternate contents.

`setAltImage:`, `setIconPosition:`, `altIcon`, `image`, `icon`, `setType:`

`(const char *)altTitle`

Returns the string that appears on the `ButtonCell` when it's in its alternate state, or NULL if there is no title. The title is only displayed if the `ButtonCell` highlights or shows its alternate state by displaying its alternate contents.

getDrawRect:, getIconRect:, getTitleRect:

copyFromZone:(NXZone *)zone

Allocates, initializes, and returns a copy of the receiving ButtonCell. The copy is allocated from zone and contains the same data as the receiver.

(double)doubleValue

Returns 0.0 if the ButtonCell is in its normal state, 1.0 if it's in its alternate state.

setDoubleValue:, floatValue, intValue, stringValue

drawInside:(const NXRect *)aRect inView:controlView

Draws the inside of the ButtonCell (the title, icon, and their background, but not the border) in aRect. aRect should be the same rectangle passed to drawSelf:inView:.. The PostScript focus must be locked on the ButtonCell when this message is sent. This method is invoked by drawSelf:inView: and by the Control class's draw method. It's provided so that when a ButtonCell's state is set (with setIntValue:, for example), a new ButtonCell's visual appearance can occur. Returns self.

If you subclass ButtonCell and override drawSelf:inView:, you must also override this method. However, you should override only this method and not drawSelf:inView: if your subclass doesn't draw outside the area defined by aRect in.

drawInside:inView: (Cell), drawSelf:inView:., lockFocus (View)

drawSelf:(const NXRect *)cellFrame inView:controlView

Displays the ButtonCell in cellFrame within controlView. The PostScript focus must be locked on the ButtonCell when the message is sent. Draws the border of the ButtonCell if necessary, then invokes drawInside:inView:.

drawInside:inView:., lockFocus (View)

(float)floatValue

Returns 0.0 if the ButtonCell is in its normal state, 1.0 if it's in its alternate state.

setFloatValue:, doubleValue, intValue, stringValue

free

Frees the memory used by the ButtonCell and returns nil.

getIconRect:(NXRect *)theRect

Returns self and, by reference in theRect, the bounds of the area into which the icon of the ButtonCell will be the larger of the bounds for the normal and the alternate icons. If the ButtonCell has no icon, theRect will be completely zeroed. You must pass the bounds of the ButtonCell in theRect (the same bounds calculated by calcCellSize:inRect: and passed to drawSelf:inView:). This method assumes that the ButtonCell is being drawn in a flipped View.
Returns self.

getTitleRect:, getDrawRect:, calcCellSize:inRect:

(int)getParameter:(int)aParameter

Returns the value of one of the frequently accessed flags for a ButtonCell. See setParameter:to: for the parameter names and corresponding methods. Since the parameters are also accessible through normal class methods, you shouldn't need to use this method often.

setParameter:to:

getPeriodicDelay:(float *)delay andInterval:(float *)interval

Returns self, and by reference the delay and interval periods for a continuous ButtonCell. delay is the amount of time (in seconds) that a continuous ButtonCell will pause before starting to periodically send action messages. interval is the amount of time (also in seconds) between those messages.

setContinuous: (Cell), setPeriodicDelay:andInterval:

getTitleRect:(NXRect *)theRect

Returns self and, by reference in theRect a copy of the bounds of the area into which the ButtonCell title will be drawn. This will be the larger of the bounds for the normal and the alternate titles. If the ButtonCell has no title, theRect will be completely zeroed. You must pass the bounds of the ButtonCell in theRect (the same bounds calculated by calcCellSize:inRect: and passed to drawSelf:inView:). This method assumes that the ButtonCell is being drawn in a flipped View.

getIconRect:, getDrawRect:, calcCellSize:inRect:

highlight:(const NXRect *)cellFrame
inView:controlView
lit:(BOOL)flag

Displays the ButtonCell in cellFrame if its highlight state is not equal to flag. The PostScript focus is set to cellFrame in controlView when this method is invoked. If flag is YES, the ButtonCell is displayed as highlighted. The highlighting depends on how the ButtonCell has been configured see the description of setHighlightsBy: for the details. This method does nothing if the ButtonCell is disabled or transparent. Returns self.

lockFocus (View)

(const char *)icon

Returns the name of the NXImage that appears on the ButtonCell when it's in its normal state, or nil if there is no such NXImage or the NXImage doesn't have a name. A ButtonCell that doesn't display its alternate icon or show its alternate state will always display its normal icon.

setIcon:, setIcon:position:, setIconPosition:, image, altIcon, altImage, setType:

(int)iconPosition

Returns the position of the ButtonCell's icon (if any). See setIconPosition: for a list of the valid positions. See also setIconPosition:

image

Returns the NXImage that appears on the ButtonCell when it's in its normal state, or nil if there is no NXImage. An NXImage is always displayed on a ButtonCell that doesn't change its contents when highlighting or when in an alternate state.

setImage:, setIconPosition:, icon, altImage, altIcon, setType:

init

Initializes and returns the receiver, a new text ButtonCell, with the title "Button" aligned in the center. The ButtonCell is enabled, but has no icon, tag, target, action, or key equivalent associated with it. The ButtonCell is bordered, and is of type NX_MOMENTARYPUSH.

initWithCell:, initWithTextCell:

initWithCell:(const char *)iconName

Initializes and returns the receiver, a new ButtonCell instance that displays an icon. iconName is the name of the NXImage that will be used for the Button's icon. The new ButtonCell is enabled, bordered, and is of type NX_MOMENTARYPUSH.

This is the designated initializer for ButtonCells that display icons.

initWithTextCell:, init

initWithTextCell:(const char *)aString

Initializes and returns the receiver, a new ButtonCell instance that displays a title. aString is the title that will be displayed in the user's default system font (as set with the Preferences application), 12.0 point, centered. The new ButtonCell is enabled, is bordered, and is of type NX_MOMENTARYPUSH.

This is the designated initializer for ButtonCells that display titles.

initWithCell:, init

(BOOL)isBordered

Returns YES if the ButtonCell has a border, NO if not. A ButtonCell's border isn't the single line borders instead, it's a raised bezel ('bezel' usually refers to a depressed bezel, as seen on FormCell).
setBordered:

(BOOL)isOpaque

Returns YES if the ButtonCell draws over every pixel in its frame, NO if not. The ButtonCell is opaque and transparent and if it has a border.

isBordered, setBordered:, isTransparent, setTransparent:

(BOOL)isTransparent

Returns YES if the ButtonCell is transparent, NO if not. A transparent ButtonCell never draws anything and receive mouse-down events and track the mouse properly.

setTransparent:, isOpaque

(unsigned short)keyEquivalent

Returns the key equivalent character of the ButtonCell, or 0 if one hasn't been set.

setKeyEquivalent:, setKeyEquivalentFont:, setKeyEquivalentFont:size:

performClick:sender

If this ButtonCell is contained in a Control, then invoking this method causes the ButtonCell to act as if it clicked it.

read:(NXTypedStream *)stream

Reads the ButtonCell from the typed stream stream. Returns self.

write:

setAltIcon:(const char *)iconName

Sets the ButtonCell's alternate icon by name iconName is the name of the NXImage to be displayed. The ButtonCell is redrawn if possible, and returns self.

A ButtonCell's alternate icon is only displayed if the ButtonCell highlights or shows its alternate state's contents.

contents.

altImage, setIconPosition:, setAltIcon:, setImage:, setIcon:, setType:

setAltTitle:(const char *)aString

Sets the title that the ButtonCell displays in its alternate state to aString. Doesn't display the ButtonCell if autodisplay is on in the ButtonCell's View. Returns self.

The alternate title is shown only if the ButtonCell changes its contents when highlighting or displaying.

altTitle:, setTitle:, setType:

setBordered:(BOOL)flag

If flag is YES, the ButtonCell displays a border if NO, the ButtonCell doesn't display a border. A ButtonCell's border is not the single line or most other Cell's border, it is a raised bezel (a bezel usually refers to a depressed bezel, as seen on FormCells, for example). You can use setBezeled: with a ButtonCell. This method redraws the ButtonCell if the bordered state changes.

isBordered

setDoubleValue:(double)aDouble

If aDouble is 0.0, sets the ButtonCell's state to 0 (the normal state) if aDouble is nonzero, sets it to aDouble. Returns self.

doubleValue, setFloatValue:, setIntValue:, setStringValue:

setFloatValue:(float)aFloat

If aDouble is 0.0, sets the ButtonCell's state to 0 (the normal state) if aDouble is nonzero, sets it to aDouble. Returns self.

floatValue, setDoubleValue:, setIntValue:, setStringValue:

setFont:fontObject

Sets the Font used to displaying the title and alternate title. Does nothing if the cell has no title or alternate title. Returns self.

If the ButtonCell has a key equivalent, its Font is not changed, but the key equivalent's Font size is changed to the new title Font.

setKeyEquivalentFont:, setKeyEquivalentFont:size:

NX_CHANGEGRAY: The ButtonCell swaps the light gray and white pixels on the its background.

NX_CHANGEBACKGROUND: Same as NX_CHANGEGRAY, but only background pixels.

If both NX_CHANGEGRAY and NX_CHANGEBACKGROUND are specified, both are recorded. The icon used depends on the ButtonCell's icon. If there is no icon, or if the icon has no alpha (transparency), NX_CHANGEGRAY is used. If the icon does have alpha data, NX_CHANGEBACKGROUND is used. This is a gray/white swap of the background to show through the icon's transparent pixels.

highlightsBy, setShowsStateBy:, showsStateBy

setIcon:(const char *)iconName

Sets the Button's icon by name iconName is the name of the NXImage to be displayed. Redraws the Button's inside and returns self.

A ButtonCell's icon is displayed when the ButtonCell is in its normal state, or always if the ButtonCell is set to show state by changing its contents.

setIcon:position:, icon, setIconPosition:, setImage:, setAltIcon:, setAltImage:, + findImageName:, setType:

setIconPosition:(int)aPosition

Sets the position of the icon when a ButtonCell simultaneously displays both text and an icon. aPosition is one of the following constants:

NX_TITLEONLYtitle only (no icon on the Button)

NX_ICONONLYicon only (no text on the Button)

NX_ICONLEFTicon is to the left of the text

NX_ICONRIGHTicon is to the right of the text

NX_ICONBELOWicon is below the text

NX_ICONABOVEicon is above the text

NX_ICONOVERLAPSicon and text overlap (text drawn over icon)

If the position is top or bottom, the alignment of the text will be changed to NX_CENTERED. This can be overridden with a subsequent setAlignment: method. Redraws the Button's inside and returns self.

setIconPosition, setAlignment: (ActionCell)

setImage:image

Sets the Button's icon by id image is the NXImage to be displayed. Redraws the Button's inside and returns self.

A ButtonCell's NXImage is displayed when the ButtonCell is in its normal state, or all the time for a ButtonCell that doesn't change its contents when highlighting or displaying its alternate state.

image, setIconPosition:, setIcon:, setAltImage:, setAltIcon:, setType:

setIntValue:(int)anInt

Sets the ButtonCell's state to 1 if anInt is nonzero, 0 otherwise. Returns self.

alternate image to nil before using this method.

keyEquivalent, setKeyEquivalentFont:, setKeyEquivalentFont:size:, performKeyEquivalent: (B

setKeyEquivalentFont:fontObject

Sets the Font used to draw the key equivalent, and has the ButtonCell redrawn if possible. Does not
already an icon associated with this ButtonCell. The default Font is the same as that used to draw

setKeyEquivalentFont:size:

setKeyEquivalentFont:(const char *)fontName size:(float)fontSize

Sets by name and size the font used to draw the key equivalent, and has the ButtonCell redrawn if possible
if there is already an icon associated with this ButtonCell. The default Font is the same as that used to draw
Returns self.

setKeyEquivalentFont:

setParameter:(int)aParameter to:(int)value

Sets the value of one of a number of frequently accessed flags for a ButtonCell to value, and returns the current value.
normally need to use this method since all of these flags can be set through specific methods (for example, `setHighlightsBy:`, and so on). The following table lists each constant used to identify a parameter for
setting and retrieving the value for that parameter:

getParameter:, setKeyEquivalent:

setShowsStateBy:(int)aType

Sets the way the ButtonCell indicates its alternate state. aType should be the logical OR of one or more of the following constants:

NX_NONE (the default): The ButtonCell doesn't change. This flag is ignored if any others are specified.

NX_CONTENTS: The ButtonCell displays its alternate icon and/or title.

NX_CHANGEGRAY: The ButtonCell swaps the light gray and white pixels on its background.

NX_CHANGEBACKGROUND: Same as NX_CHANGEGRAY, but only the background pixels.

If both NX_CHANGEGRAY and NX_CHANGEBACKGROUND are specified, both are recorded. The behavior depends on the ButtonCell's icon. If there is no icon, or if the icon has no alpha (transparent pixels), NX_CHANGEGRAY is used. If the icon exists and has alpha data, NX_CHANGEBACKGROUND is used to swap the gray/white of the background to show through the icon's transparent pixels.

showsStateBy, setHighlightsBy:, highlightsBy

setSound:aSound

Sets the Sound that will be played when the mouse goes down in the ButtonCell, and whenever the mouse moves over the ButtonCell while tracking. Be sure to link against the Sound Kit if you use a Sound object. Returns the sound object.

sound

setStringValue:(const char *)aString

Sets the ButtonCell's state to 1 if aString is non-null (even if the string is empty), 0 otherwise. Returns the ButtonCell.

setStringValueNoCopy:, stringValue

setStringValueNoCopy:(const char *)aString

Sets the ButtonCell's state to 1 if aString is non-null (even if the string is empty), 0 otherwise. Returns the ButtonCell.

setStringValue:, stringValue, setDoubleValue:, setFloatValue:, setIntValue:

setTitle:(const char *)aString

Sets the title displayed by the ButtonCell when in its normal state to aString. This title is always displayed, even for ButtonCells that don't use their alternate contents when highlighting or displaying their alternate state. Redraws the ButtonCell and returns self.

setTitleNoCopy:, title, setAltTitle:

A transparent ButtonCell never draws, but does track the mouse and send its action normally. A transparent ButtonCell is useful for sensitizing an area on the screen so that an action gets sent to a target when the area receives a mouse-down event. A ButtonCell is transparent if its `isTransparent` property is true, and opaque if its `isOpaque` property is true.

`setType:(int)aType`

Sets the way the ButtonCell highlights while pressed, and how it shows its state. Redraws the ButtonCell. Returns self. `aType` can be one of the following constants (as described in the Button class specific method description):

`NX_MOMENTARYPUSH`
`NX_MOMENTARYCHANGE`
`NX_PUSHONPUSHOFF`
`NX_ONOFF`
`NX_TOGGLE`
`NX_SWITCH`
`NX_RADIOBUTTON`

`setType:(Button), setHighlightsBy:, setShowStateBy:`

`(int)showsStateBy`

Returns the logical OR of flags that indicate the way the ButtonCell shows its alternate state. See the list of flags.

`setShowsStateBy:, highlightsBy, setHighlightsBy:`

`sound`

Returns the Sound played when the ButtonCell gets a mouse-down event, and whenever the cursor moves over the ButtonCell while tracking.

`setSound:`

`(const char *)stringValue`

Returns `stringValue` (an empty string) if the ButtonCell's state is 1 (the alternate state), or `NULL` if the state is 0. See `setStringValue:, setStringValueNoCopy:, doubleValue, floatValue, intValue`

`(const char *)title`

Returns the title displayed on the Button when it's in its normal state, or always if the Button does not have an alternate state. Returns `NULL` if there is no title.

`setTitle:, setTitleNoCopy:`

trackMouse:inRect:ofView: (Cell)

write:(NXTypedStream *)stream

Writes the receiving ButtonCell to the typed stream stream. Returns self.

read: